

Please write clearly in block capitals.						
Centre number	Candidate number					
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Candidate signature						

GCSE MATHEMATICS

Higher Tier

Paper 1 Non-Calculator

Thursday 2 November 2017

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

mathematical instruments

You must **not** use a calculator.



Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

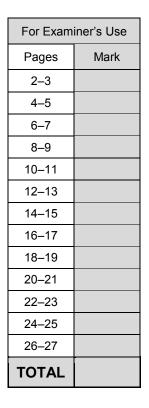
Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Advice

• In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.







Please note that these worked solutions have neither been provided nor approved by AQA and may not necessarily constitute the only possible solutions. Please refer to the original mark schemes for full guidance.

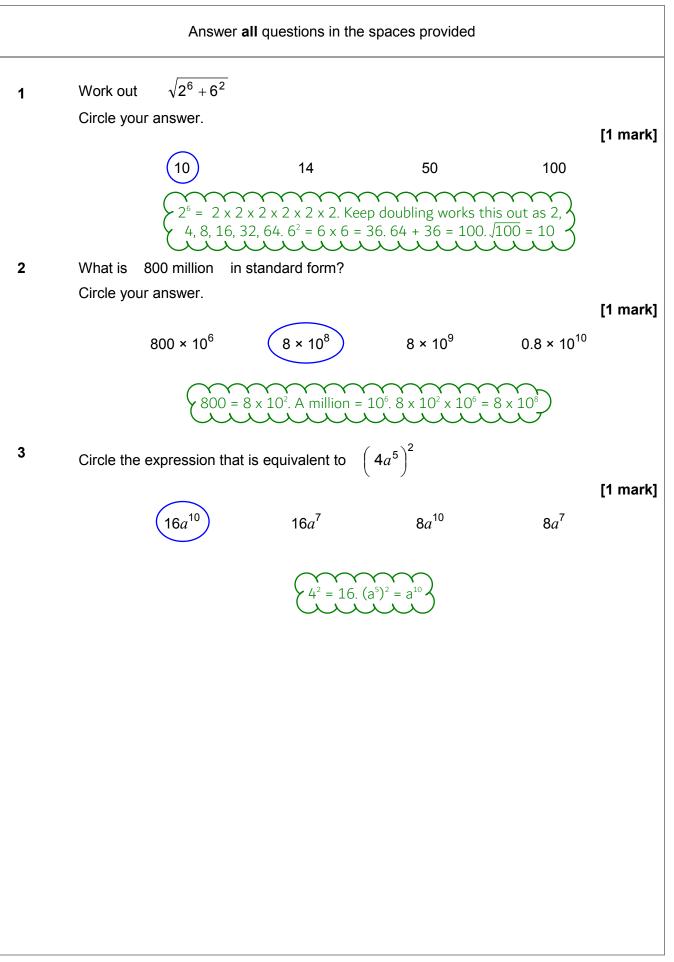
Any writing in blue indicates what must be written in order to answer the questions and get the marks. The worked solutions have been designed to show the smallest amount of work which needs to be done to answer the question.

Anything written in green in a cloud doesn't have to be written in the exam.

Anything written in orange in a rectangle doesn't have to be written in the exam and is there to show what should be put into a calculator or measured using a ruler or protractor.

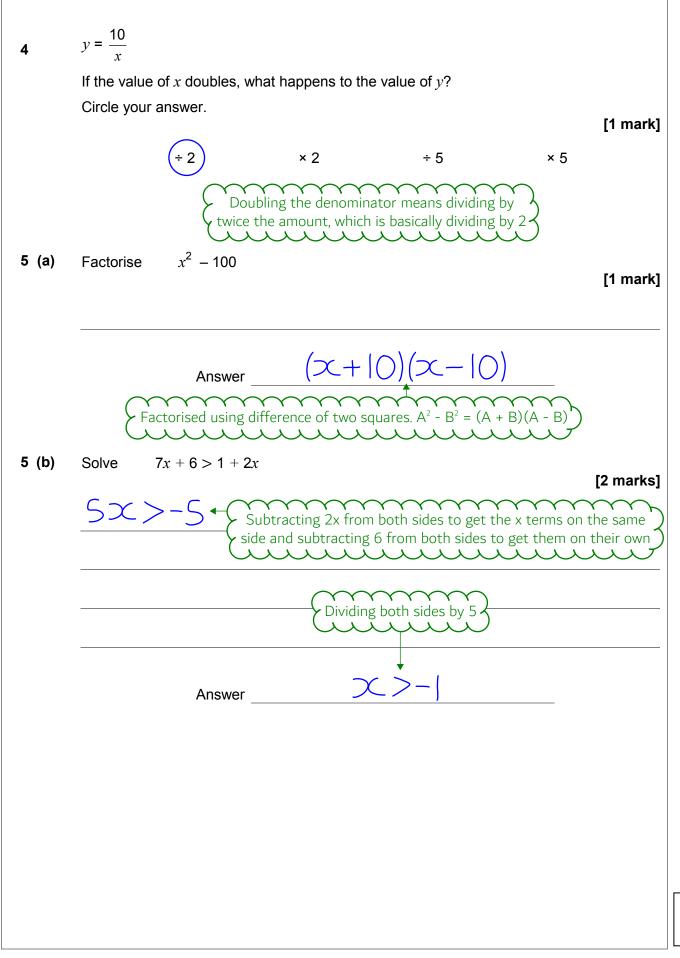
If you find any mistakes or have any requests or suggestions, please send an email to curtis@cgmaths.co.uk





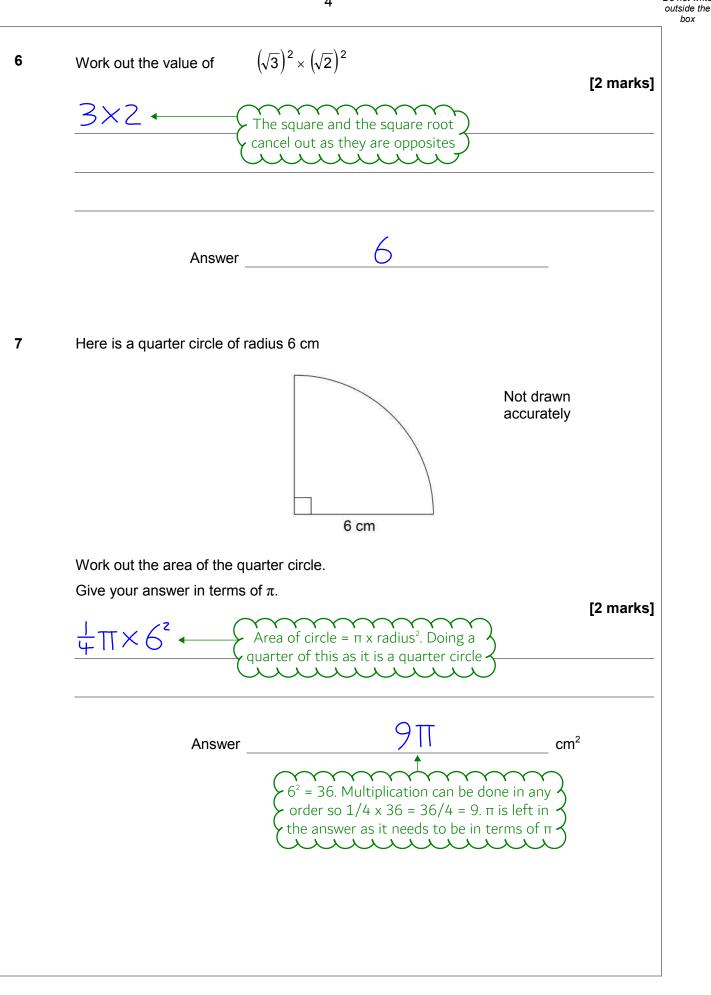






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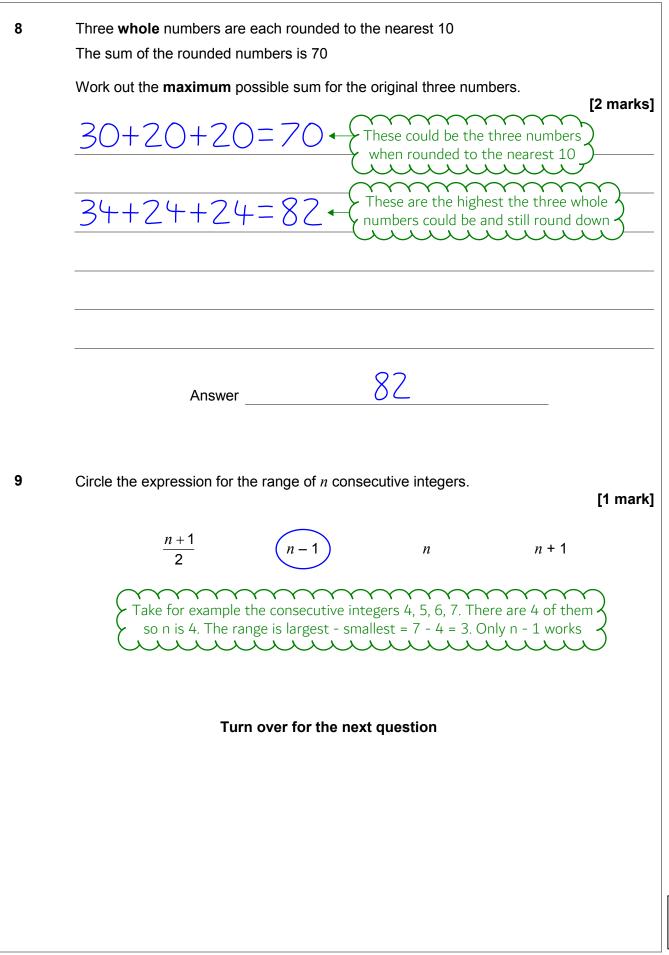






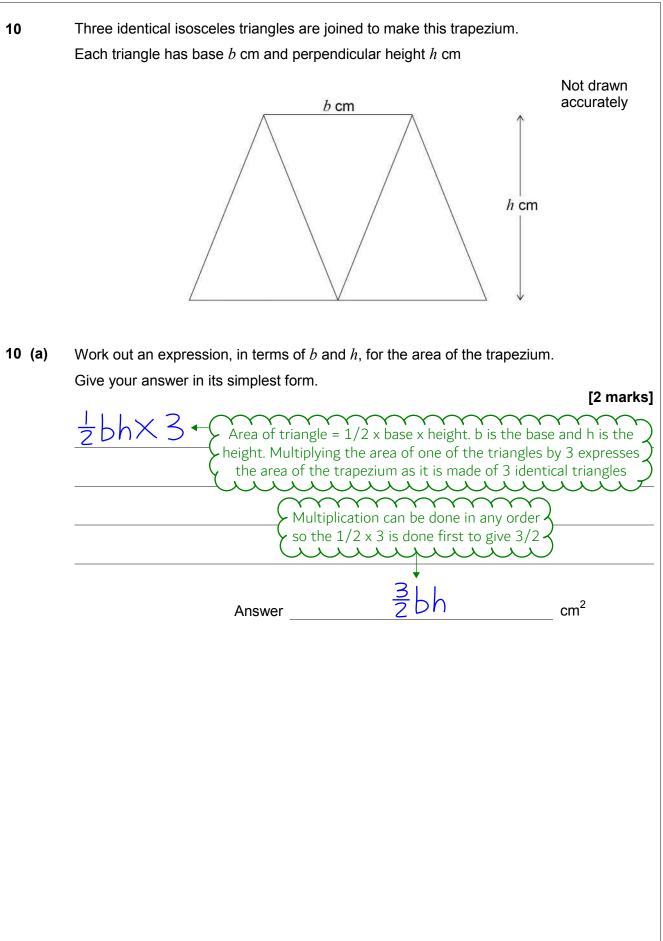


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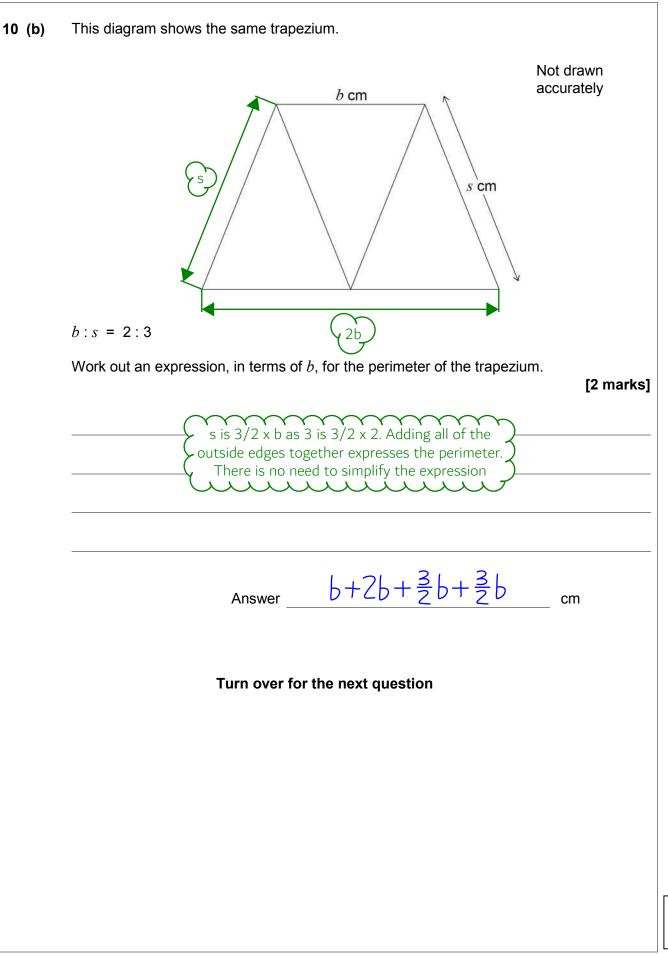






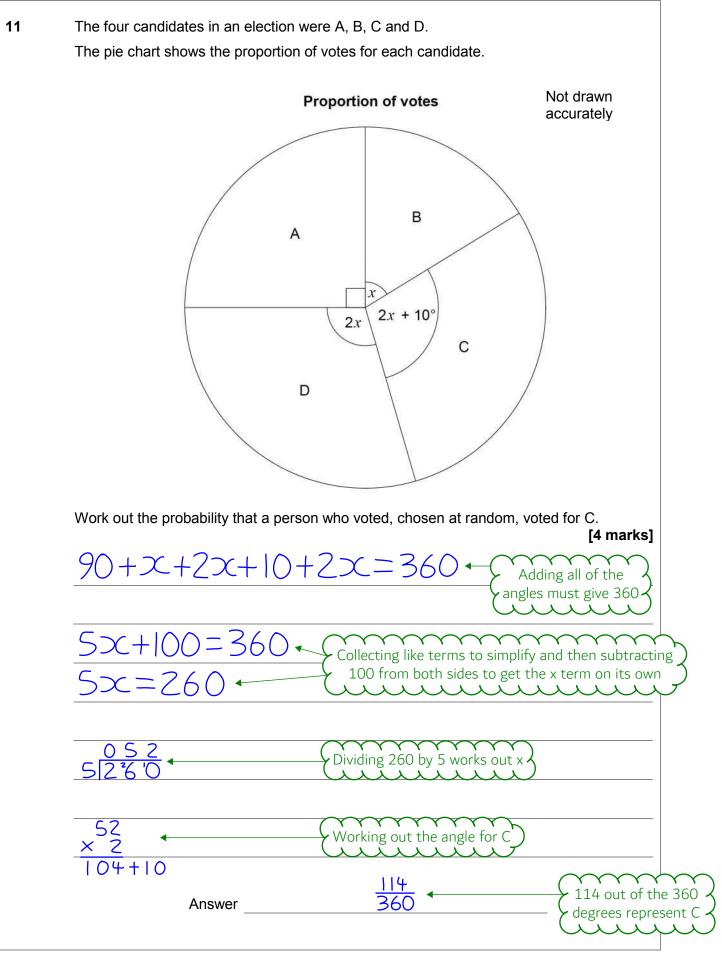














12 Use approximations to 1 significant figure to estimate the value of 0.526×39.6^2 √97.65 You must show your working. [3 marks] 40² 39.6 to 1 significant figure is 40. $4^2 = 16$ so $40^2 = 1600^2$ 0.526 to 1 significant figure is 0.5. 0.5 = 1/2 so multiplying 0.5×160C by 0.5 is basically dividing by 2. 1600/2 = 80097.65 to 1 significant figure is $100.\sqrt{100} = 10.$ <u>800</u> 10 Dividing by 10 removes a zero from the end 80 Answer Turn over for the next question Turn over ►

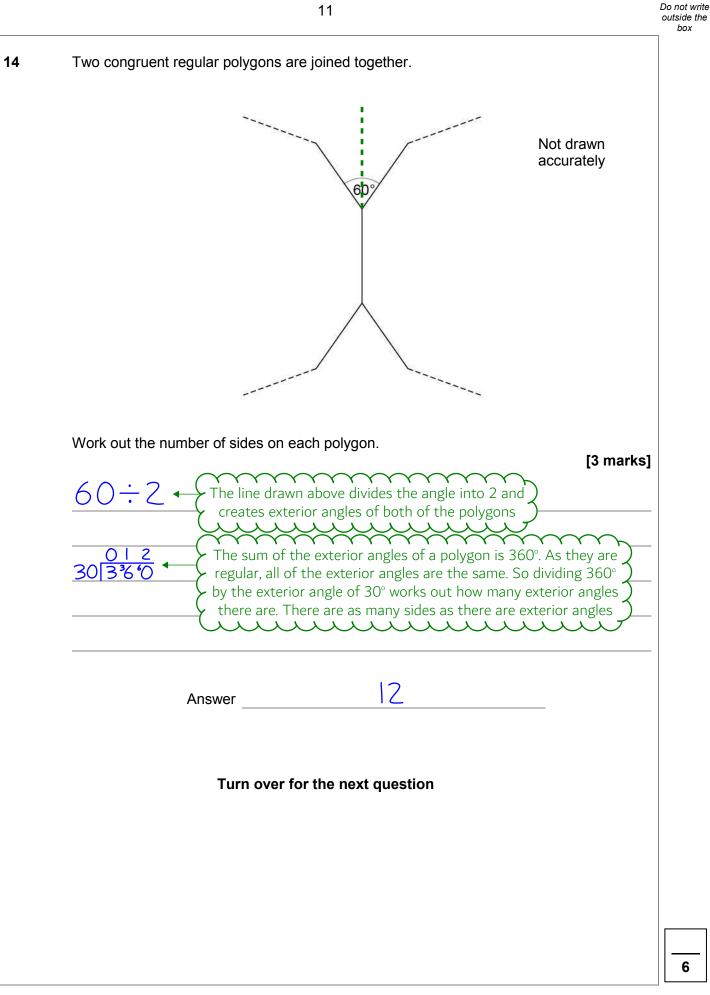
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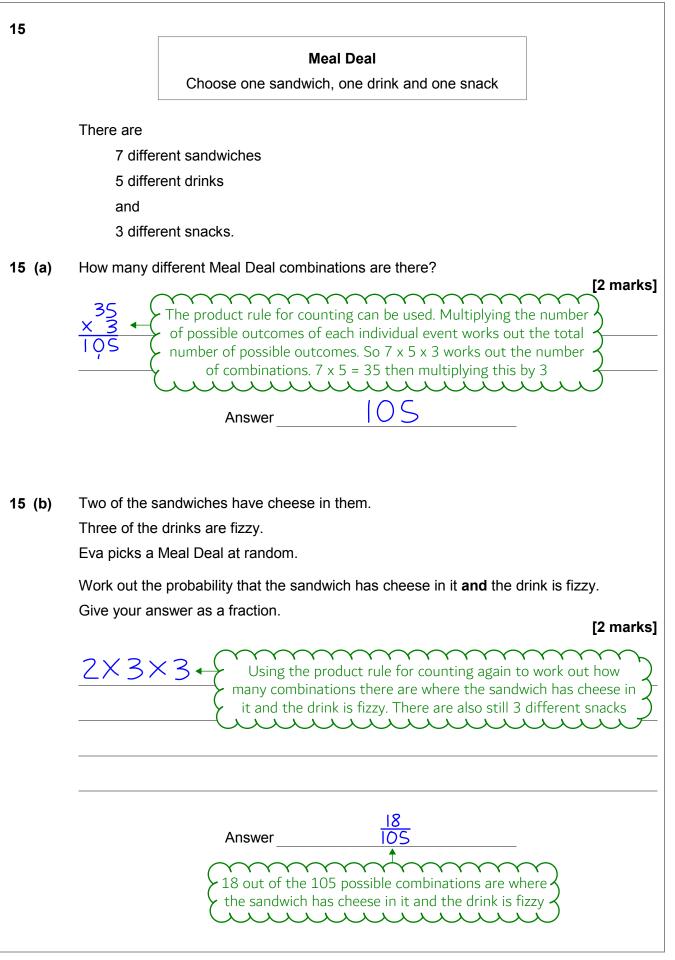
13 x:y = 7:4x + y = 88Work out the value of x - y[3 marks] 7+4 There are 11 parts in total and these represent a total of 88. Dividing 88 by 11 works out what 1 part is worth 88÷ 8 Multiplying the worth of 1 part by 7 and 4 works out the value of x and y 67 Subtracting the value of y from the value of x -4 24 Answer





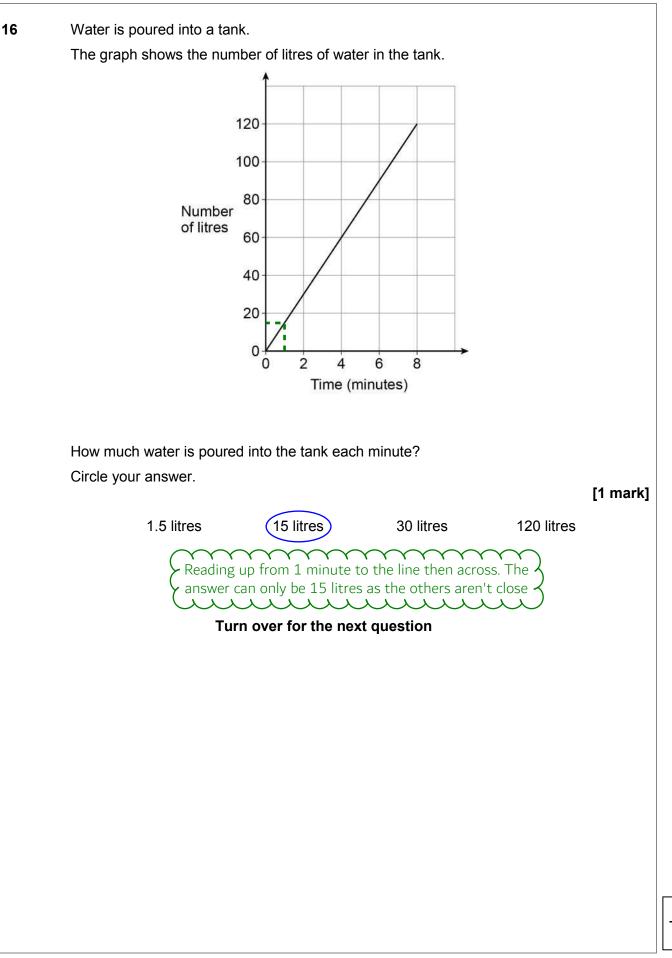






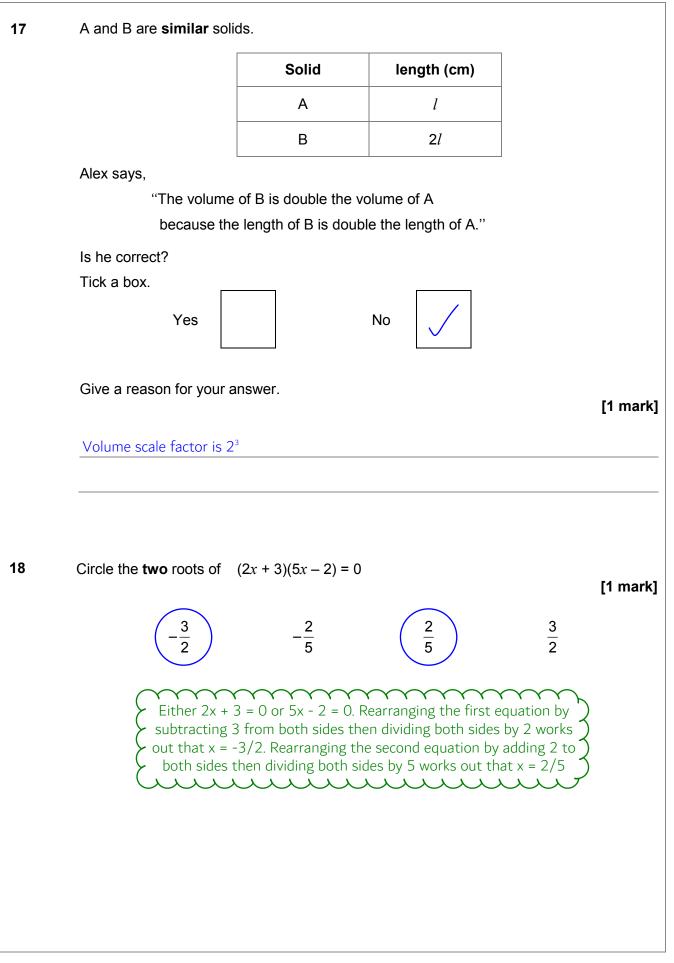
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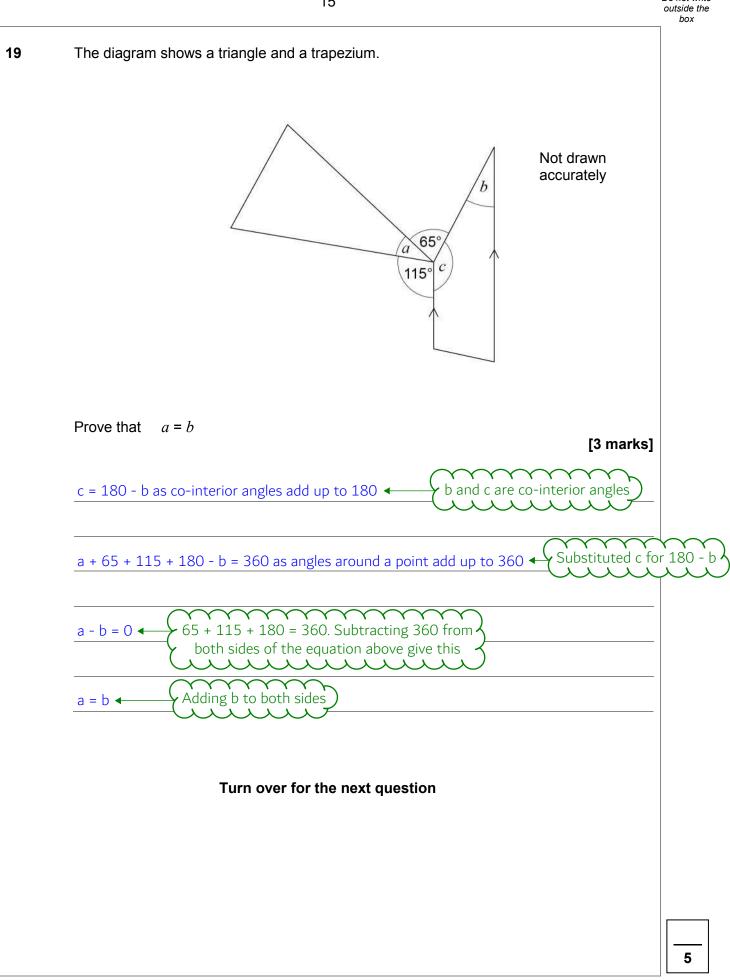








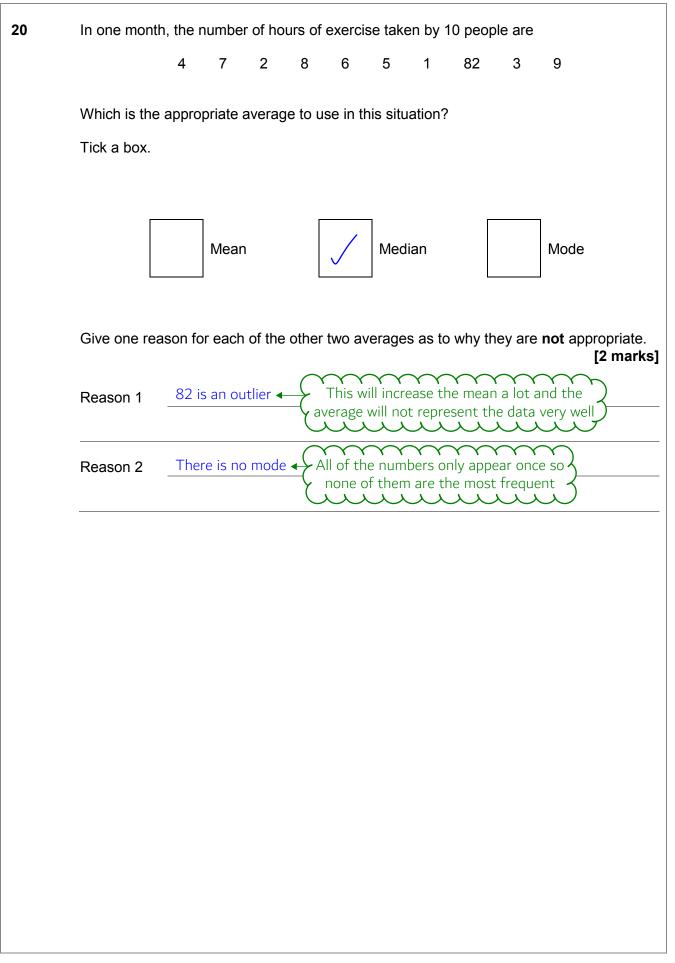






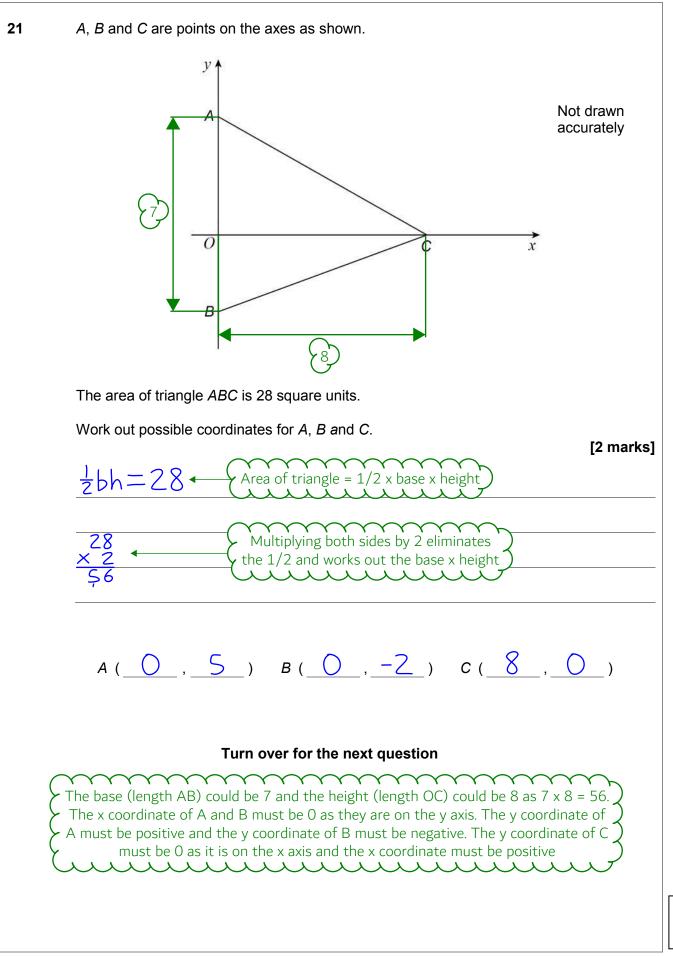
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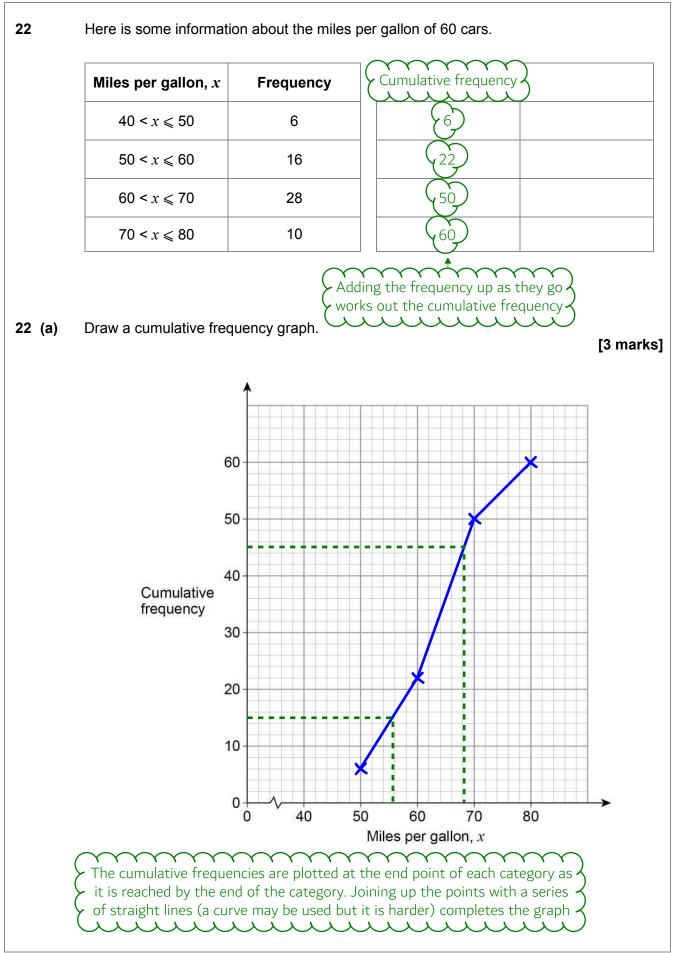




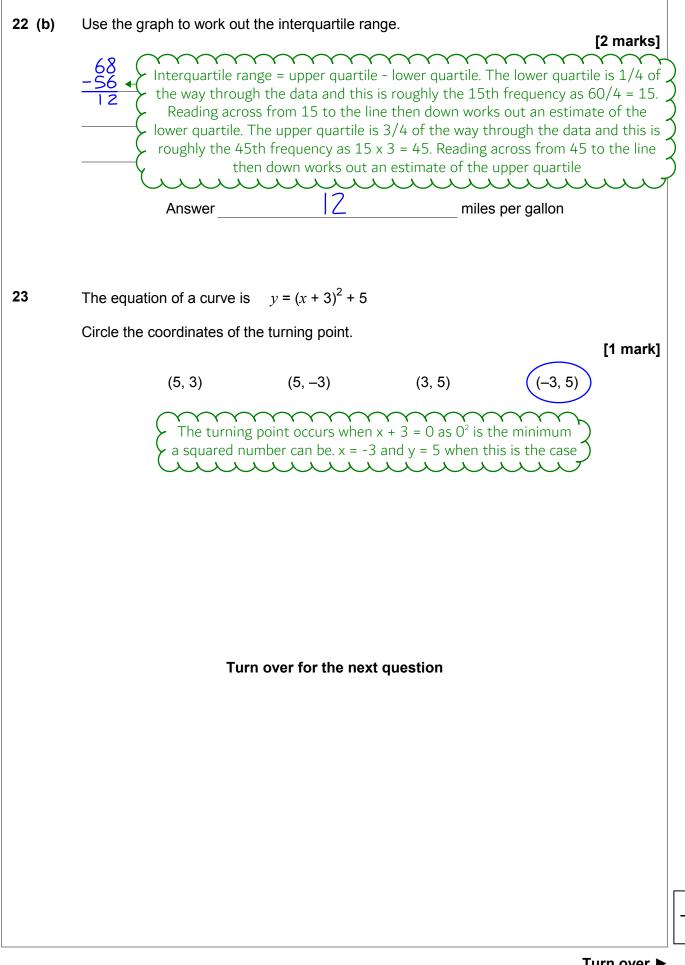


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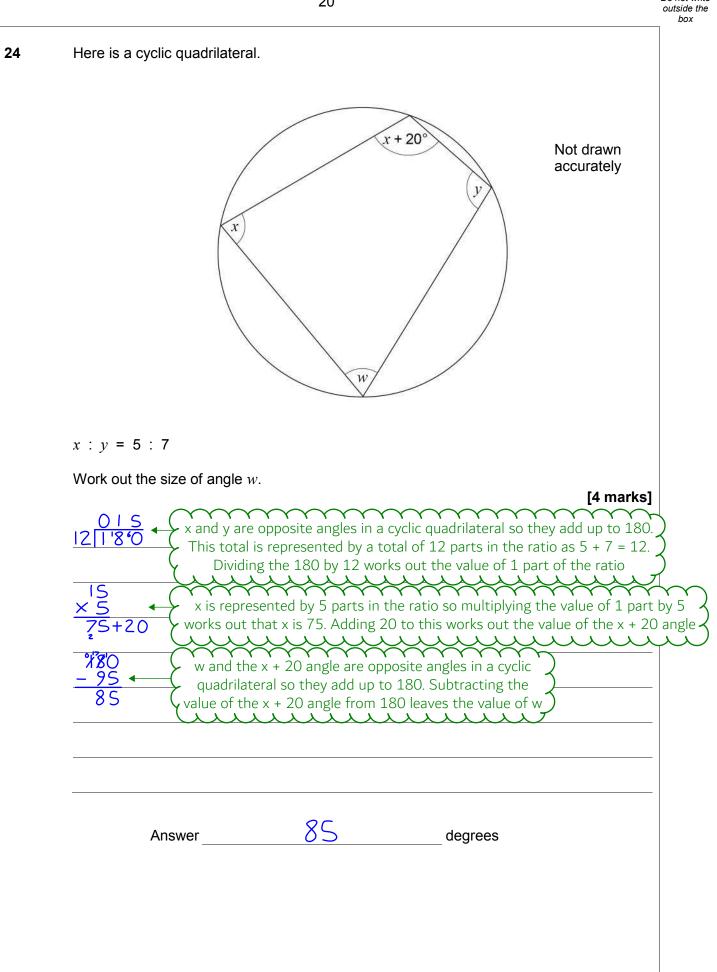
















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25 15 machines work at the same rate.

Together, the 15 machines can complete an order in 8 hours.

3 of the machines break down after working for 6 hours.

The other machines carry on working until the order is complete.

21

In total, how many hours does each of the other machines work?

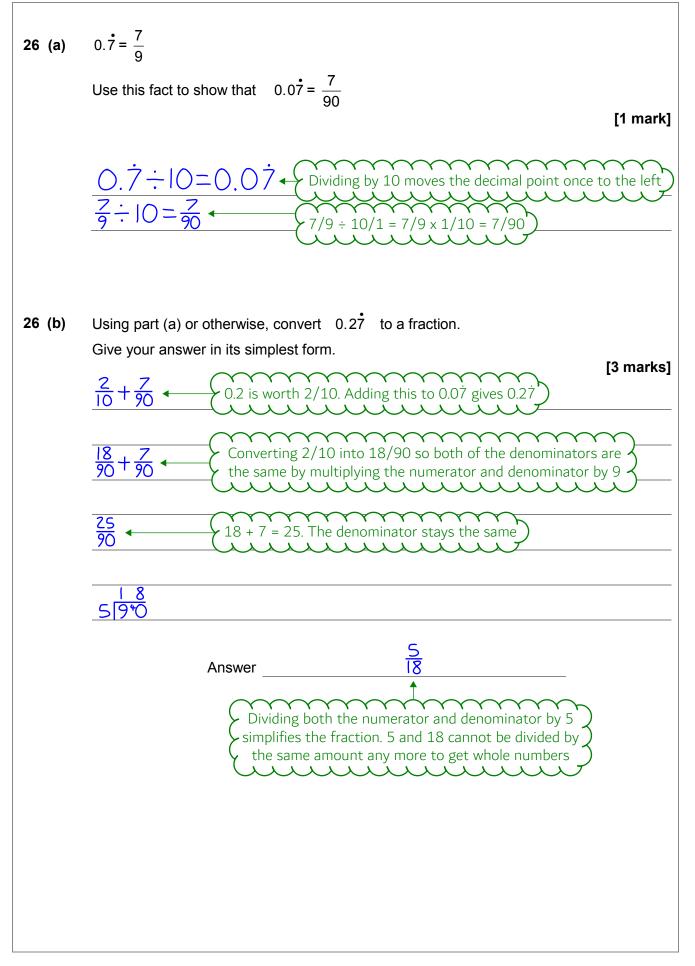
[3 ma	rks]
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15 15	
× 8 × 6	\succ 15 machines working for 8 hours do a total of 120 hours worth of work. 15 \uparrow
120 - 90	\succ machines working for 6 hours do a total of 90 hours worth of work. \checkmark
÷ 3	\succ Subtracting the 90 hours from the 120 hours works out that there are another \prec
	30 hours worth of work to be done once the 3 machines have broken down
<u>02.5</u> +6 12 3°0.'0	 Dividing the 30 hours worth of work by the 12 machines doing the work (15 - 3 = 12 after the 3 machines have broken down) works out how long it will take. Adding the 6 hours already done works out the total number of hours the other machines work

Answer 8.5 hours

Turn over for the next question

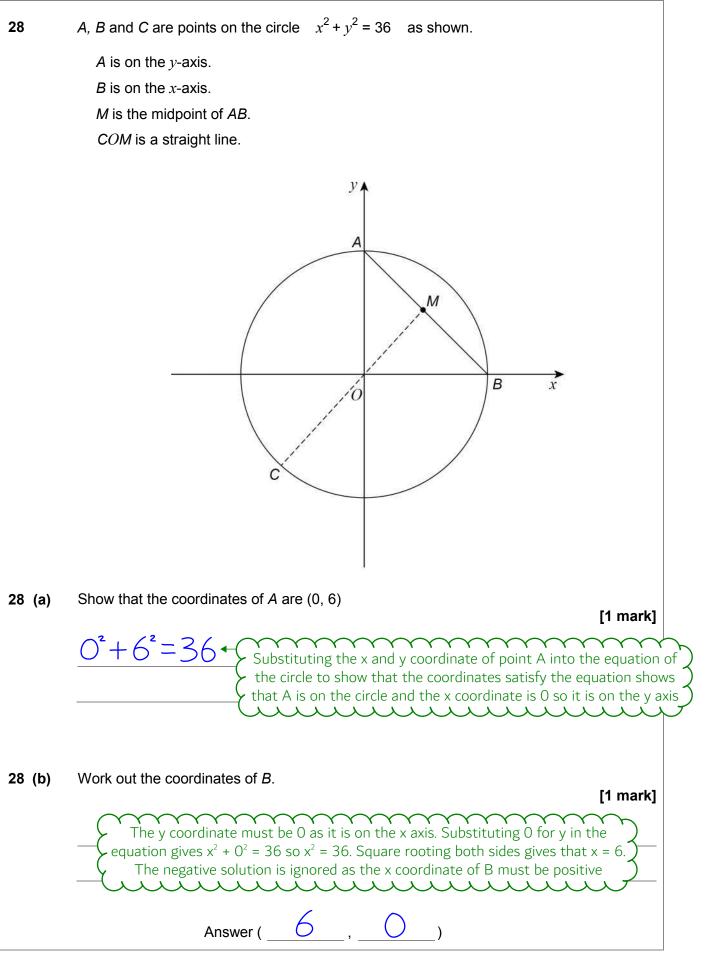








27	There are 11 pens in a box. 8 are black and 3 are red.	
	Two pens are taken out at random without replacement.	
	Work out the probability that the two pens are the same colour. [4 marks]	
	8 v 7 v 3 v 2 Black AND black OR red AND red. AND means to multiply and OI	R means
	$\frac{8}{11} \times \frac{7}{10} + \frac{3}{11} \times \frac{2}{10}$ Black AND black OR red AND red. AND means to multiply and OL to add. There is 1 fewer pen in total after the first is picked so denominators go down to 10 for the second pick. There is 1 fewer pen once the first black is picked so the number of black pens goe to 7 for the second black. There is 1 fewer red pen once the first picked so the number of red page goes down to 2 for the second	o the er black es down
	<u>iio + iio</u> picked so the number of red pens goes down to 2 for the second	
	Answer $\frac{62}{110}$	
	The fractions are multiplied by multiplying the numerators and denominators) together. The denominators are the same so the numerators can then be added	8
	Turn over ▶	_
2 3	.CG Maths.	4



.CG Maths.



