AQA



Please write clearly in block capitals.						
Centre number	Candidate number					
Surname						
Forename(s)						
Candidate signature						

GCSE MATHEMATICS

			—	•
Hi	g	ner		ier

Paper 2 Calculator

Thursday 7 June 2018

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- a calculator
- mathematical instruments.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

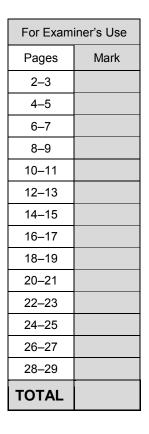
Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.







IB/M/Jun18/E7

Please note that these worked solutions have neither been provided nor approved by AQA and may not necessarily constitute the only possible solutions. Please refer to the original mark schemes for full guidance.

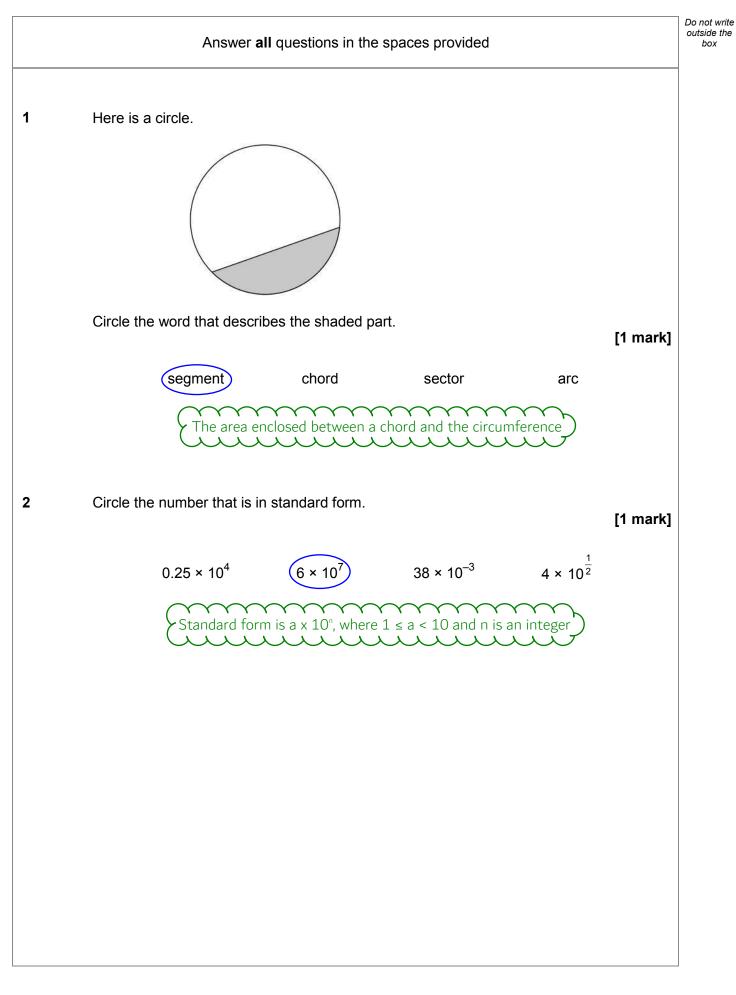
Any writing in blue indicates what must be written in order to answer the questions and get the marks. The worked solutions have been designed to show the smallest amount of work which needs to be done to answer the question.

Anything written in green in a cloud doesn't have to be written in the exam.

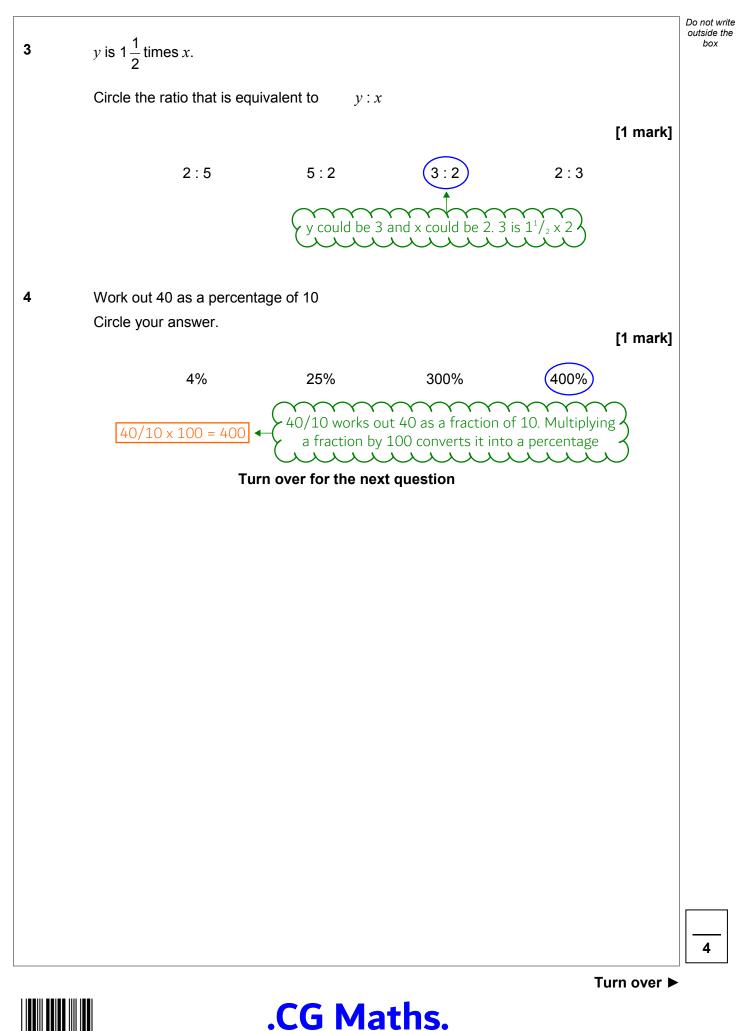
Anything written in orange in a rectangle doesn't have to be written in the exam and is there to show what should be put into a calculator or measured using a ruler or protractor.

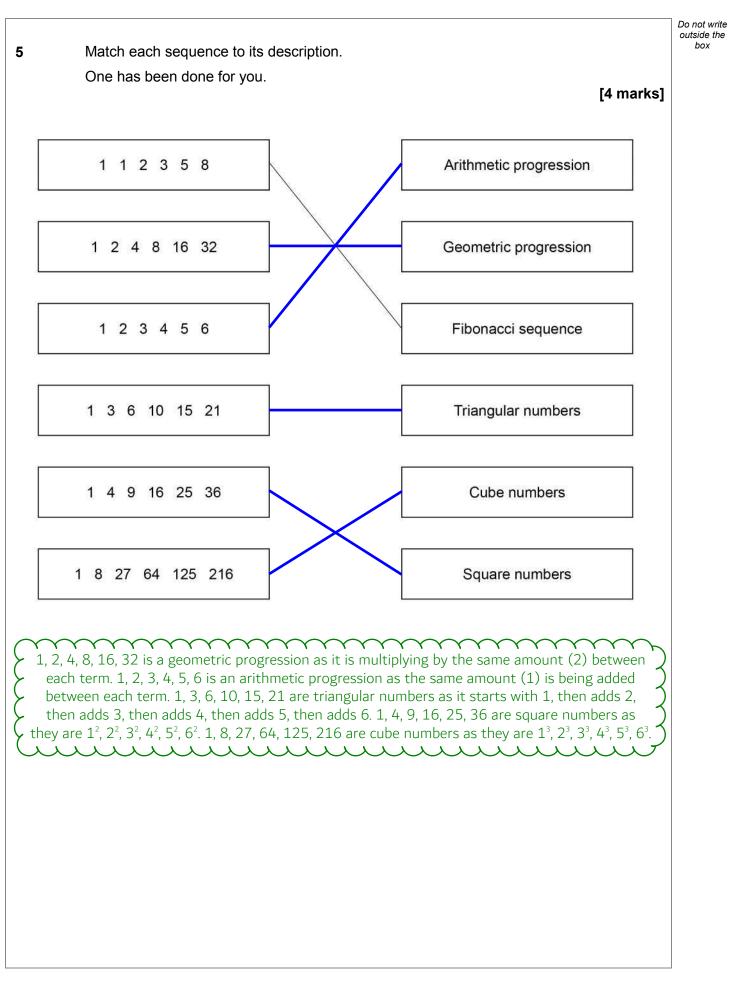
If you find any mistakes or have any requests or suggestions, please send an email to curtis@cgmaths.co.uk



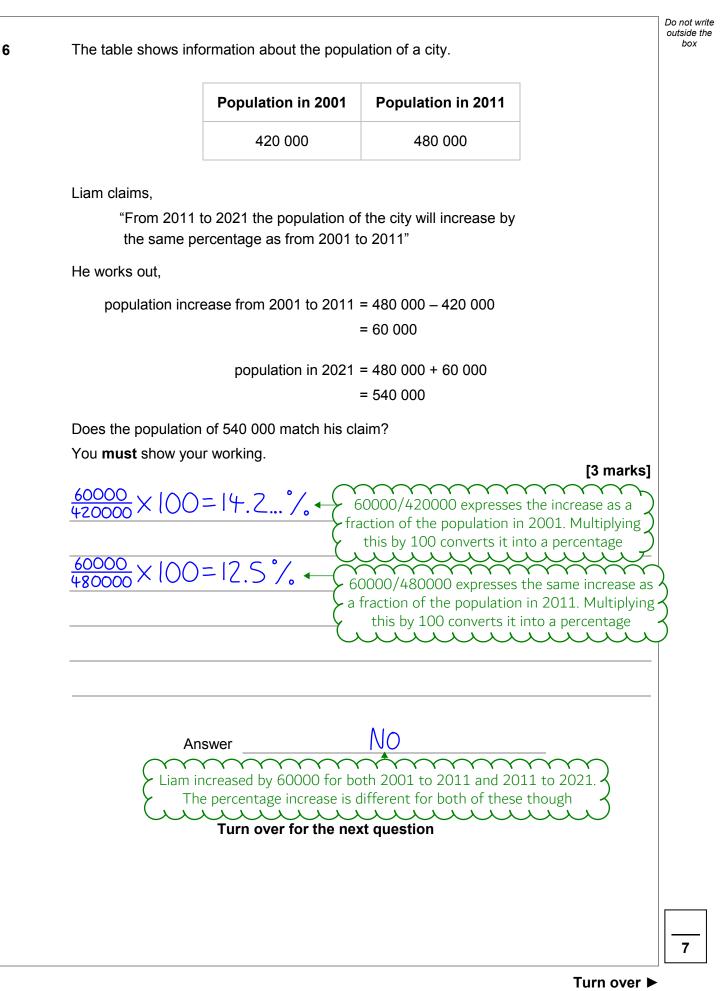














7 On three days, Ali throws darts at a target.Here are his results.

	Number of throws	Number of hits	Number of misses
Monday	20	15	5
Tuesday	30	22	8
Wednesday	40	17	23
Total	90	54	36

7 (a) Work out **two** different estimates for the probability of Ali hitting the target.

[2 marks]

	Answer	$\frac{54}{90}$ and	$\frac{\frac{17}{40}}{\frac{17}{40}}$	
		out of the total number out of the 40 throws on	r of throws were hits.) Wednesday were hits	
7 (b)	Which of your two answers target?	is the better estimate fo	or the probability of Ali hitting the	
	Give a reason for your answ	ver.	•4	
	Answer <u>90</u>		[1	mark]
	Reason It was based on mo	pre throws		





			Do not write outside the
8	Theo starts with savings of £18 James starts with no savings.		box
	Each week from now,		
	Theo will save £4.50 and James will save £4		
	In how many weeks will Theo and James have savings in the ratio 15 : 8 ?	[3 marks]	
	45:24		
Using ta	able mode by pressing MENU then 3. f(x) = 18 + 4.50x. g(x) = 4x. Start: 1. End: 30	. Step: 1	
	This lists out the amount of money each person has each week. The x column is the number of weeks. The f(x) column is the amount of money Theo has. The g(x) column is the amount of money James has. Scrolling down until the amount Theo has to the amount James has simplifies to 15 : 8. 45 : 24 can be simplified to 15 : 8 by dividing both sides by 3	<	
	Answer 6		
			6
	Т	urn over ►	

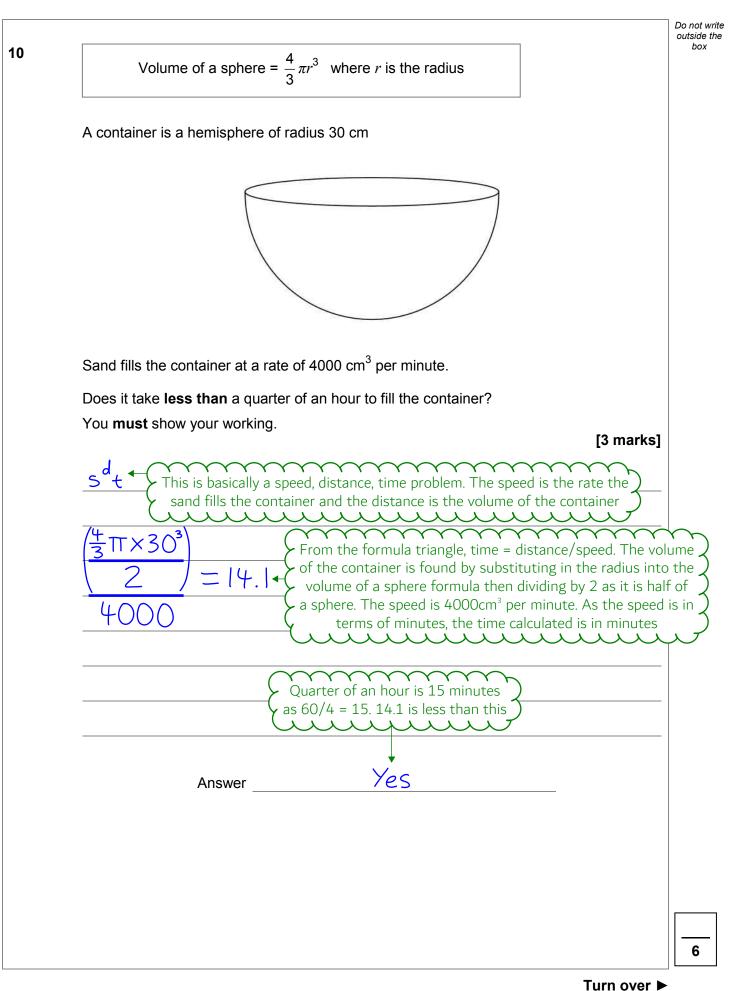


9		The length of each side of a regular pentagon is 8.4 cm to 1 decimal place.	Do not write outside the box
9	(a)	Complete the error interval for the length of one side.	
•	()	[2 marks]	
		8.4± <u>2</u>	
9	(b)	8.45 g 8.35 cm < length < 8.45 cm Adding and subtracting half of the resolution works out the upper and lower bound. The resolution is 0.1 as this is the place value of the first decimal place Complete the error interval for the perimeter. 8.35 S 9.45 S 41.75 cm < perimeter < 42.25 cm	

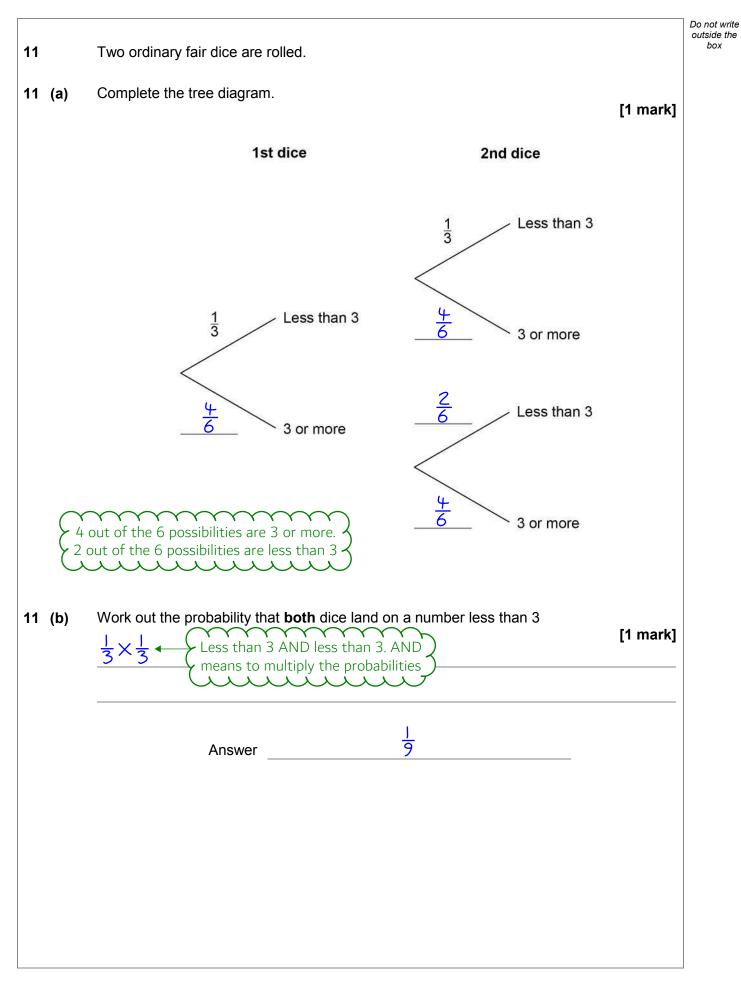




_



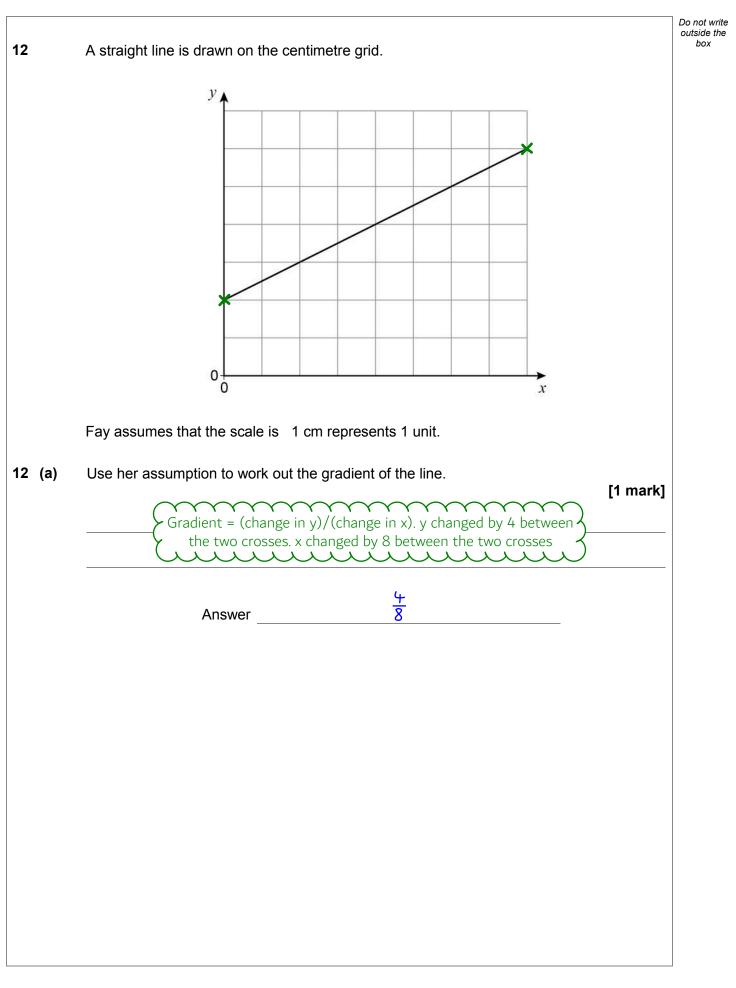






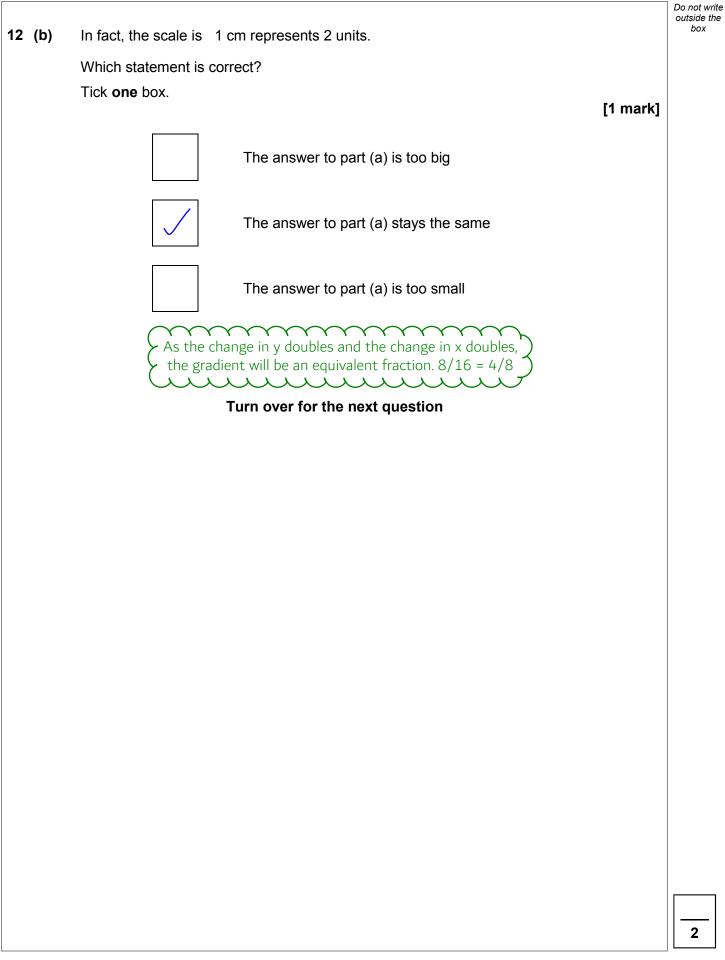
		Do not write outside the box
11 (c)	Work out the probability that exactly one of the dice lands on a number less than 3	DOX
	[2 marks]	
	$\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{4}{6} + \frac{4}{6} \times \frac{2}{6}$	
	Less than 3 AND 3 or more OR 3 or more AND less than 3. AND	
	means to multiply the probabilities. OR means to add the probabilities	
	4	
	Answer 9	
	Turn over for the next question	
		4
		-
	Turn over ►	





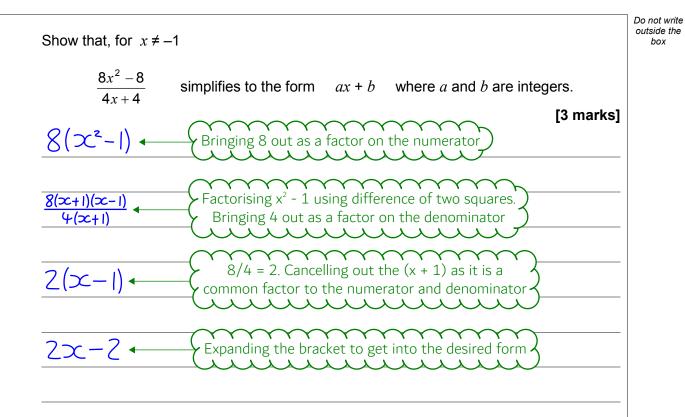






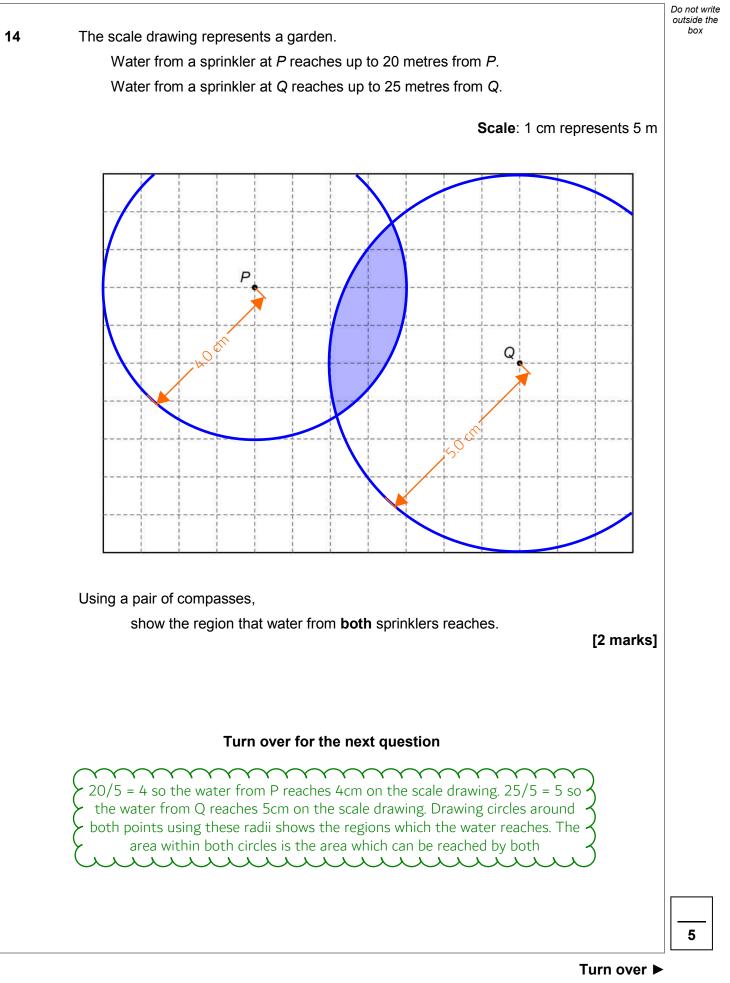


















	Jun18/8	200/20
ID/ IVI/	JUII 10/0	3UU/2N

	Scores		
	Median	Interquartile range	Range
Men	28	7.5	31
Women	30	9	37

Using this data, which statement **must** be true? Tick **one** box.

100 men and 100 women took a test.

Men had a higher average score than women



Men had more consistent scores than women



A woman had the highest score



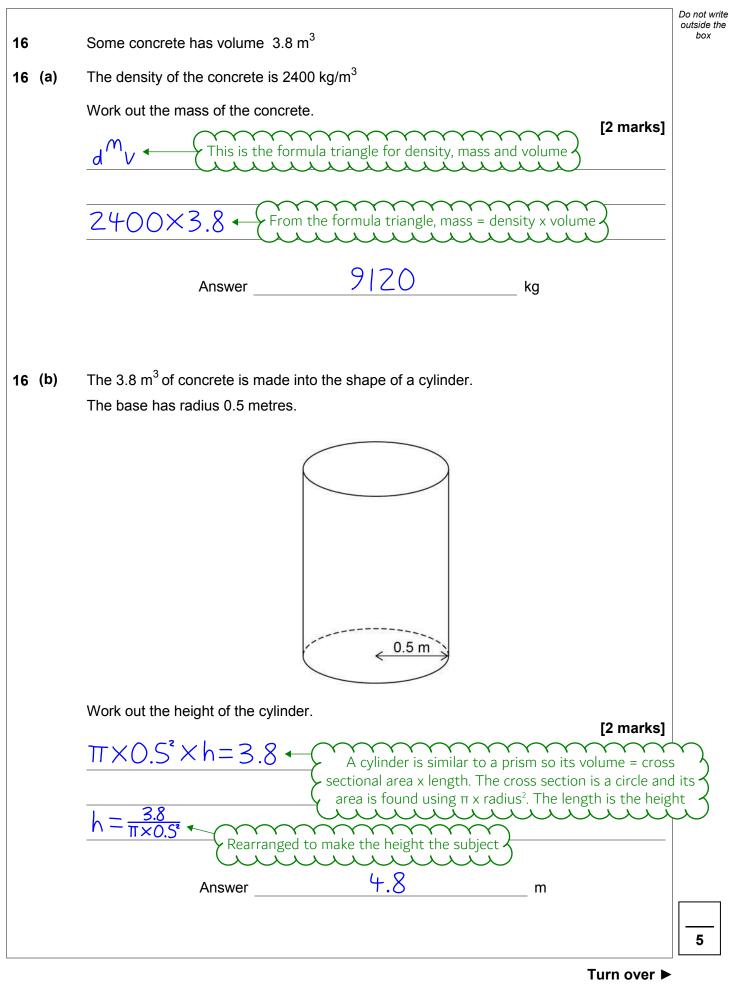
A man had the lowest score

Men had a lower interquartile range (which is a measure of consistency) so the second statement must be true

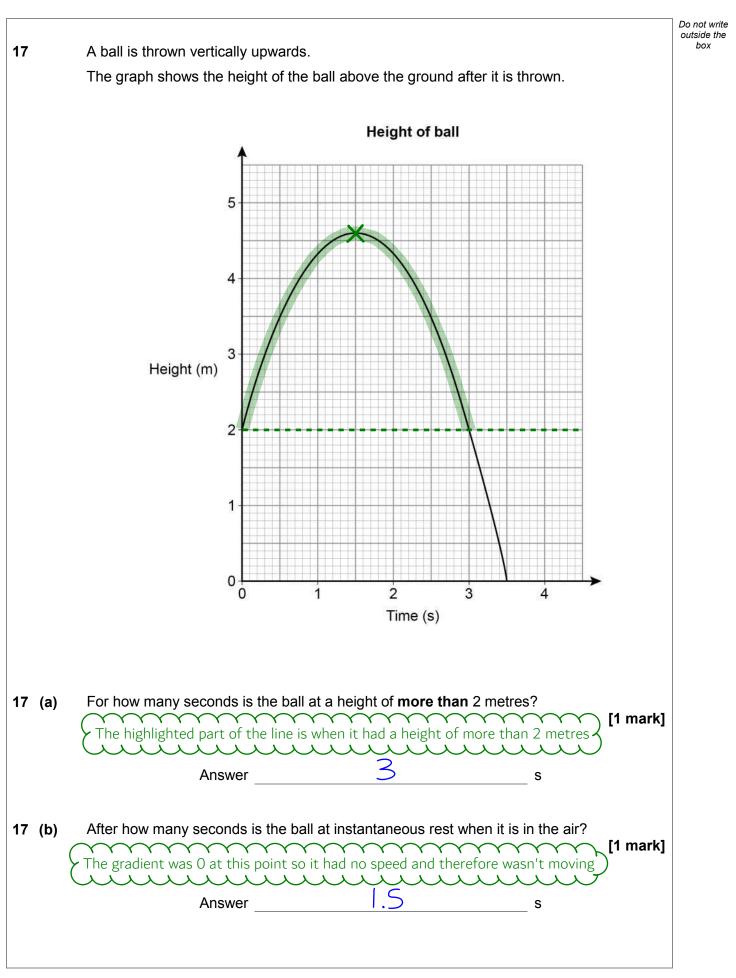
15

16

[1 mark]





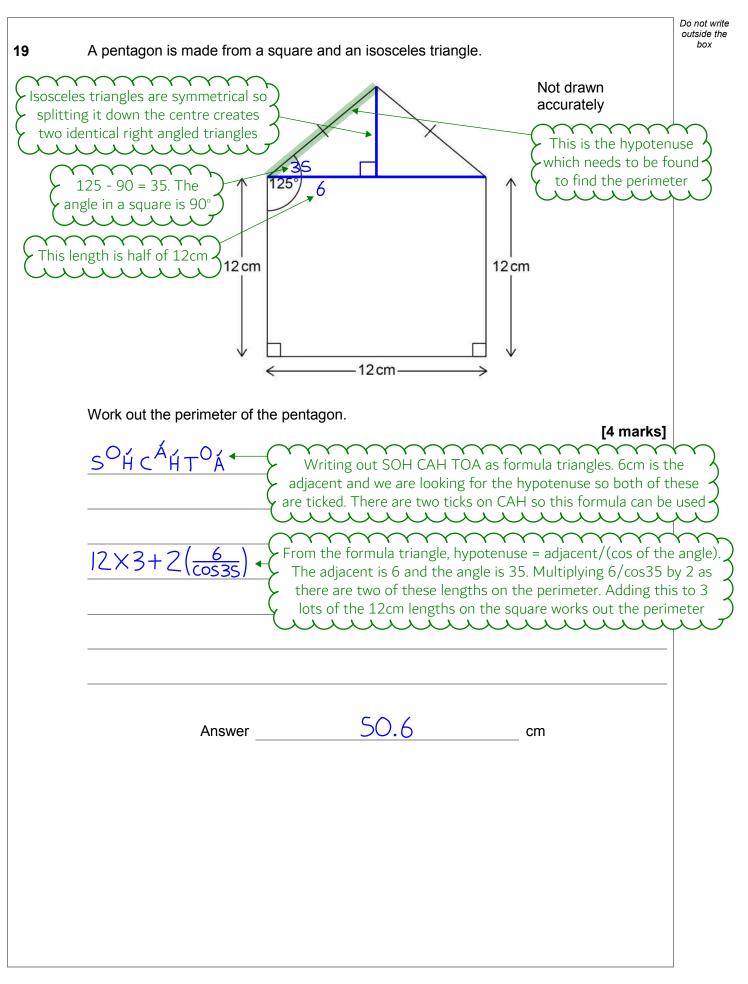




IB/M/Jun18/8300/2H

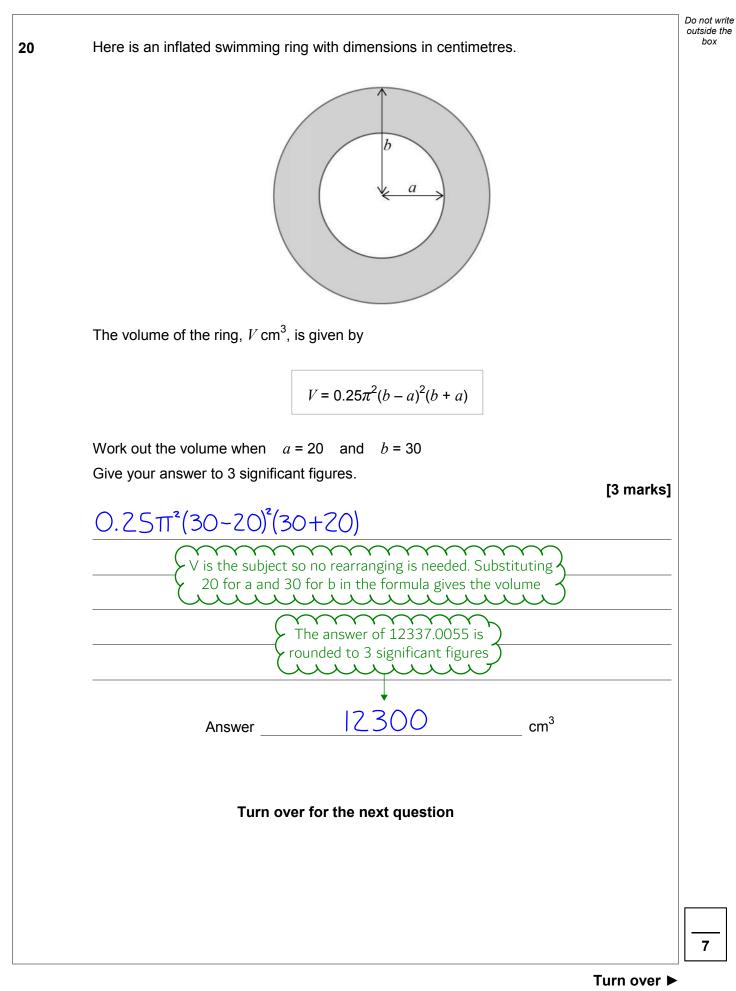
			Do not write outside the
17 ((c)		marks]
		$\frac{4.6}{2}$ The units of m/s means to divide the distance in metres	
		by the time in seconds. The distance travelled while	
		moving downward was 4.6m and it took 2 seconds	
		2 2	
		Answer <u>2.3</u> m/s	
18		The solution of $3^x = 300$ lies between two consecutive integers.	
		Work out the two integers.	l mark1
		ing table mode by pressing MENU then 3. f(x) = 3 ^x . Ignore g(x). Start: 1. End: 30. St	mark]
	0		
		This lists out the powers of 3 from 3^1 to 3^{30} . $3^5 = 243$ and $3^6 = 729$ so	
		as it is a continuous increasing function, x must be between 5 and 6	
		Answer 5 and 6	
		Turn over for the next question	
		rum over for the next question	
			5
		Turr	over ►



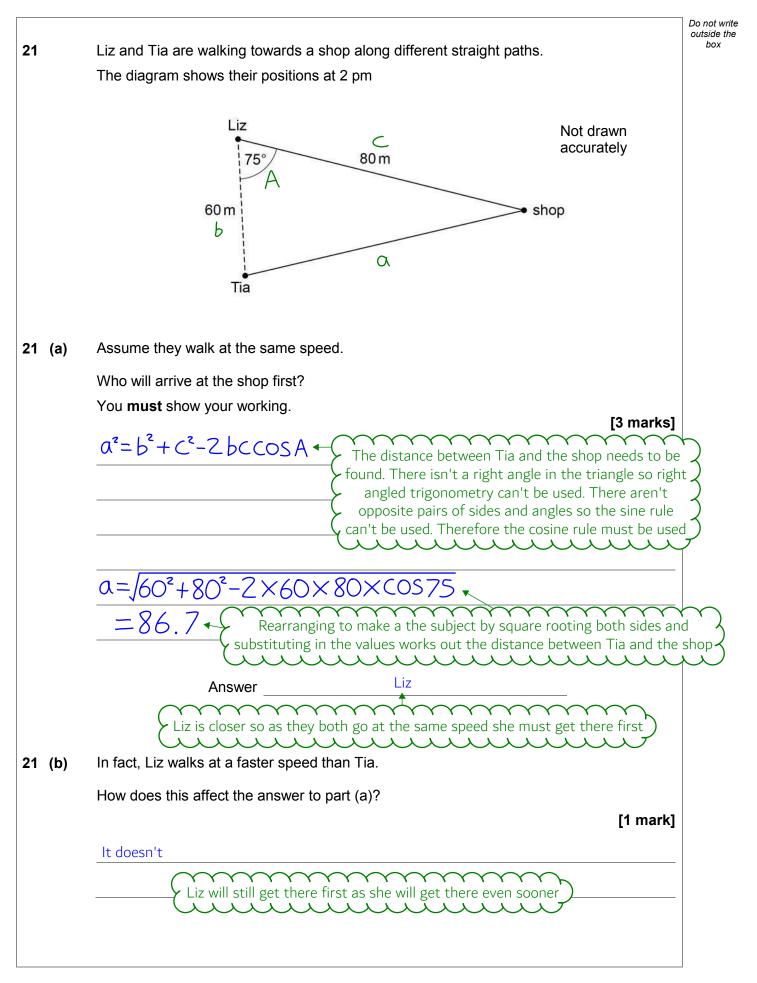






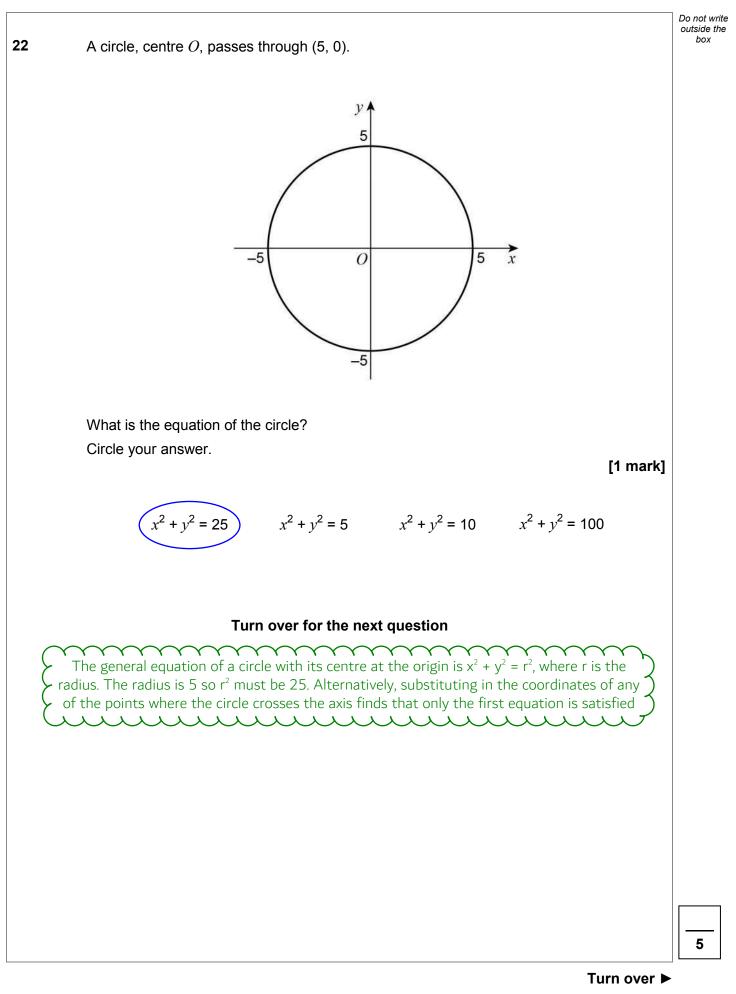








IB/M/Jun18/8300/2H

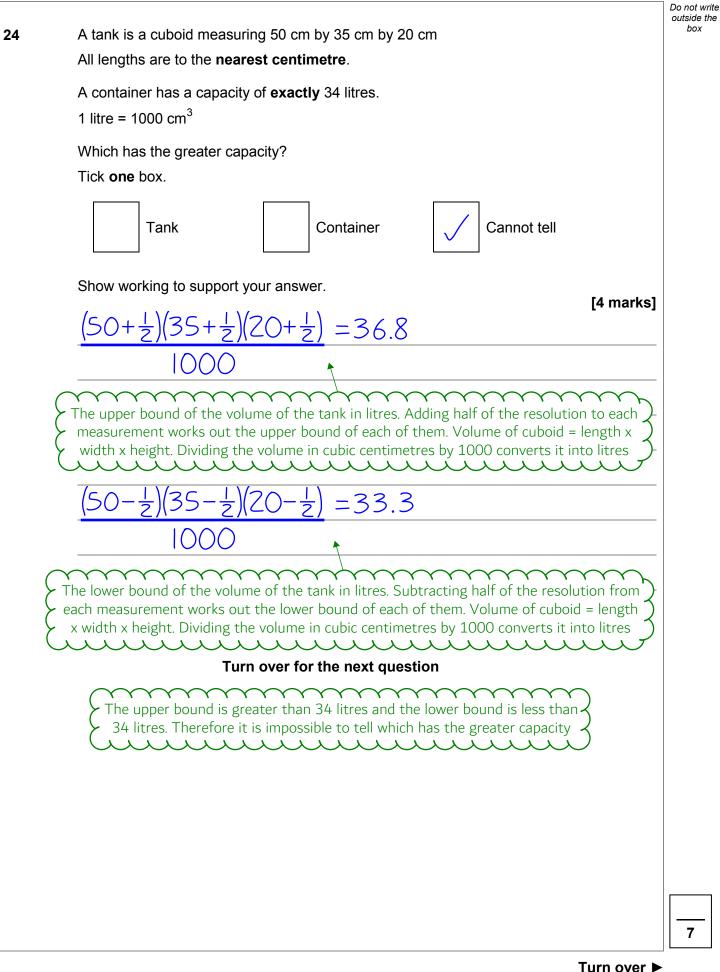


23

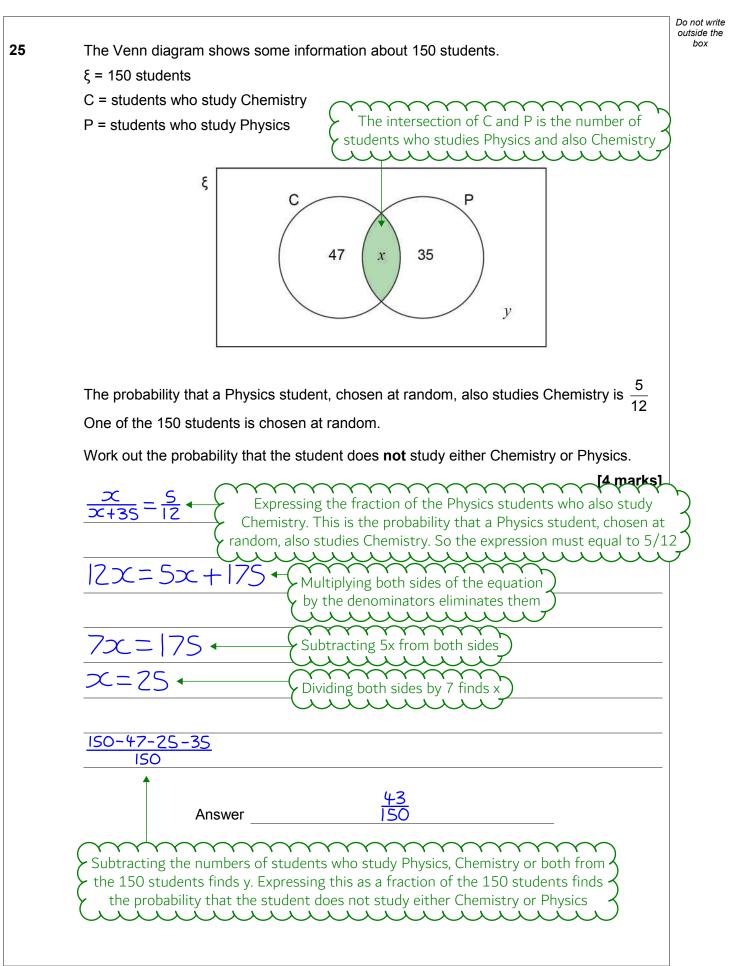
2 3

			Do n
Solids X and Y are similar.			outs
X has volume 64 cm ³			
Y has volume 343 cm ³			
The surface area of X is 176 cm^2			
Work out the surface area of Y.			
		[3 marks]	
$ 76 \times (\frac{3343}{64})^{2}$			
343/64 expresses the vo the length scale factor. Multiplying the surface a	Squaring this expresses	the area scale factor. \prec	
Answer	539	cm ²	











		Do not write outside the
26	A curve has equation $y = 4x^2 + 5x + 3$	box
	A line has equation $y = x + 2$	
	Show that the curve and the line have exactly one point of intersection.	
	Do not use a graphical method.	
	[4 marks]	
	$0 = 4 \times^2 + 4 \times + 1 \leftarrow $ Subtracting the equations from each other eliminates the y terms and leaves an equation just in terms of x	
	$\sum = \frac{-4 \pm \sqrt{4^2 - 4 \times 4 \times 1}}{2 \times 4}$ Solving using the quadratic formula	
	$= -\frac{1}{2}$ There is only one solution of x so as one of the equations is linear, there will also only be one solution of y. Therefore there is exactly one point of intersection	}
	Turn over for the next question	
		8
L	Turn over ►	



