

Please write clearly in block capitals.								
Centre number	Candidate number							
Surname _								
Forename(s)								
Candidate signature								

GCSE MATHEMATICS

Higher Tier

Paper 1 Non-Calculator

Tuesday 6 November 2018

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

mathematical instruments

You must **not** use a calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.







Please note that these worked solutions have neither been provided nor approved by AQA and may not necessarily constitute the only possible solutions. Please refer to the original mark schemes for full guidance.

Any writing in blue indicates what must be written in order to answer the questions and get the marks. The worked solutions have been designed to show the smallest amount of work which needs to be done to answer the question.

Anything written in green in a cloud doesn't have to be written in the exam.

Anything written in orange in a rectangle doesn't have to be written in the exam and is there to show what should be put into a calculator or measured using a ruler or protractor.

If you find any mistakes or have any requests or suggestions, please send an email to curtis@cgmaths.co.uk







IB/M/Nov18/8300/1H



The sum of the angles in any quadrilateral is 360°	Do not write outside the box
For example, in a rectangle $4 \times 90^{\circ} = 360^{\circ}$	
Zak writes,	
$5 \times 90^{\circ} = 450^{\circ}$ so the sum of the angles in any pentagon must be 450°	
Is he correct?	
Tick a box.	
Yes	
Show working to support your answer.	.1
$(5-2) \times 180 + (5-2) \times 180 + $	5]
$\frac{(3 - 2) \times 180}{120}$ is the number of sides of the polygon	_
180	_
<u>X 3</u>	_
540	
_2	—
Turn over for the next question	_
	1

	m works at an airport										
Sł	ne records the numbe	er of pla	anes la	anding	betwe	en 10 a	am an	d 2 pm	each	day.	
Tł	ne table shows the da	ta for t	he firs	t 10 da	ays in J	lanuar	у.				
	Day	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
	Number of planes	148	151	147	155	153	147	155	102	151	154
Th	ne airport was affected	d by fo	g on o	one of t	he day	′S.					
VV Gi	nich day do you think ive a reason for your :	it was	? r								
0.										[[1 mark]
Da	ay <u>8</u>				~ ~			~~			
Re	eason _ It is an outlier		,	All of t	he oth	er days	\sim are ar	round)		
			_\	150.	Day 8 i	sn't cl	ose to	this _)		
Ki	m uses the data to pr	edict h	ow ma	any pla	nes wi	II land	at the	airport	t in a y	ear.	
Ki In	m uses the data to pro her method, she uses an estimate assumes the sa	edict h e of 15 me nu	ow ma 50 plan mber o	any pla nes in e of plane	nes wi each 4-	ll land hour p h day.	at the	airport	t in a y	ear. ie day	
Ki In W	m uses the data to pr her method, she uses an estimat assumes the sa 'ork out her prediction	edict h e of 15 me nu	ow ma 50 plan mber c	any pla nes in e of plane	nes wi each 4- es eac	ll land hour p h day.	at the	airport	t in a y hout th	ear. le day	
Ki In W	m uses the data to provide the method, she uses an estimate assumes the sation of the prediction $\frac{150}{6}$ The the satisfies	edict h e of 15 me nu re are each d	ow ma 50 plan mber c 24 hou ay. Thi	any pla nes in e of plane urs in a is work	nes wi each 4- es eac day. 2 s out t	Il land hour p h day. 4/4 = hat the	at the beriod f	airport through here ar	t in a y hout th e 6 4-h lanes e	ear. he day	s marks] eriods
Ki In W	m uses the data to provide the method, she uses an estimate assumes the sation 150 The 6	edict h e of 15 me nu re are 2 each d	ow ma 50 plan mber c 24 hou ay. Thi	any pla nes in e of plane urs in a is work	nes wi each 4- es eac day. 2 s out t	Il land hour p h day. 4/4 = hat the	at the period f 6 so th ere are	airport throughter ar 900 p	t in a y hout th lanes e	ear. ne day	s marks] eriods
Ki In W	m uses the data to provide the method, she uses an estimate assumes the same of the same	edict h e of 15 me nu re are each d	ow ma 50 plan mber c 24 hou ay. Thi	any pla nes in e of plane urs in a is work	nes wi each 4 es eac day. 2 s out t	Il land hour p h day. 4/4 = hat the 362	at the period the peri	airport throughtere ar	t in a y hout th lanes e There days in	ear. he day four person each da are 36 n a yea	s marks] eriods
Ki In W	m uses the data to provide the method, she uses an estimate assumes the sation 150 The 6	edict h e of 15 me nu re are i each d	ow ma 50 plan mber c 24 hou ay. Thi	any pla nes in e of pland urs in a is work	nes wi each 4- es eac day. 2 s out t	Il land hour p h day. 4/4 = hat the	at the period for the formation of the f	airport through here ar 900 p	t in a y hout th $e \ 6 \ 4-l$ lanes e There days in	ear. ne day	s marks] eriods
Ki In W	m uses the data to properly her method, she uses an estimate assumes the sation 150 The 6 The 300	edict h e of 15 me nu re are a each d	ow ma 50 plan mber c 24 hou ay. Thi	any pla nes in e of plane urs in a is work	nes wi each 4- es eac day. 2 s out t X 2 X 2 S	Il land hour p h day. 4/4 = hat the 6 = 0 (at the period f	airport through	t in a y hout th lanes e There days in	ear. he day Tour person are 36 n a yea	s marks] eriods
Kii In W	m uses the data to provide the method, she uses an estimate assumes the same of the same	edict h e of 15 me nu re are i each d	ow ma	any pla nes in e of pland urs in a is work	nes wi each 4 es eac day. 2 s out t X 9	Il land hour p h day. 4/4 = hat the	at the period for the	airport through	t in a y hout th lanes e days in	ear. le day	eriods
Kii In W	m uses the data to provide the method, she uses an estimate assumes the same of the prediction $\frac{150}{6}$ The form $\frac{150}{6}$ The fo	edict h e of 15 me nu re are 1 each d	ow ma	any pla nes in e of plane urs in a is work	nes wi each 4 es eac day. 2 s out t X 9	Il land hour p h day. 4/4 = hat the 6 0 0	at the beriod f	airport throug	t in a y hout th lanes e days in	ear. le day Tour pe each da are 36 n a yea	s marks] eriods

9
$$\sqrt{b^2 + b^2} = \sqrt[3]{125a^3}$$

Work out the value of a.
 36
 $+64$
 10°
 $10^{\circ} = 50$
 $10^{\circ} = 50$
 $10^{\circ} = 50$
 $10^{\circ} = 50$
 $10^{\circ} = 50^{\circ}$
 $10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ}$
 $10^{\circ} = 200^{\circ}$
 $10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ}$
 $10^{\circ} = 200^{\circ}$
 $10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ}$
 $10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ}$
 $10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ}$
 $10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ}$
 $10^{\circ} = 10^{\circ} = 1$

Turn over ►

IB/M/Nov18/8300/1H

15 (b)	At which supermarket were the queuing times most consistent? Give a reason for your answer.	Do not write outside the box
	Reason Lowest interquartile range	
16	Circle the number that is closest to the value of 29 ³ [1 mark]	
	27 000 90 2700 9000	
	An estimate is 30^3 $3^3 = 27 \text{ so } 30^3 = 27 \times 10^3$	
17	Work out the exact value of $\left(\frac{3}{4}\right)^{-3}$	
	27 64 <th></th>	
	The negative means the reciprocal (flip the fraction in this case)	
	Answer 27	
	Turn over for the next question	
		7

Do not write outside the box 21 Here are the first four terms of a quadratic sequence. 4 19 15 26 45 11 68 2 8 9 18 Work out an expression for the *n*th term. [3 marks] The quadratic sequence will be in the form $an^2 + bn + c$. The difference between 11 and 26 is 15. The difference between 26 and 45 is 19. The second difference (difference of the 15 and 19) is 4. Halving the second difference gives 2, which is a. Listing the first two terms of $2n^2$ gives 2 (as $2(1)^2 = 2$) and 8 (as as $2(2)^2 = 8$). The difference between 2 and 11 is 9 and the difference between 8 and 26 is 18. This forms a sequence which needs to be added to $2n^2$ to get the original. The sequence 9, 18 goes up in 9s so must involve 9n (so b is 9). The 0th term would be 0 (tracing the sequence backward, it goes down in 9s and 9 - 9 = 0) so c is 0 λ \mathbf{X} $\lambda \lambda \lambda \lambda \lambda$ X λ X <u>ک</u> 、 Answer $2 \cap^2 + 9 \cap$ Turn over for the next question 7 Turn over ►

22 Solve
$$\frac{x}{x+4} + \frac{7}{x-2} = 1$$

You must show your working.
 $\frac{x + \frac{7(x+4)}{2x-2} = x+4}{(x-2) + 7(x+4) = (x+4)(x-2) + (x-4)(x-2) + (x-4)(x$

24 Show that
$$\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{5}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{10}}$$
 can be written in the form $\frac{\sqrt{d}}{10}$ where *c* and *d* are integers.
25 10 Rationalising both of the denominators. Multiplying both the numerator and denominator of the first fraction by *S* and the second by 10 4130 4130 100 to 10 the denominators the same then combining the fractions with the numerators subtracting 3150 (4××=33, so 4 (30 - (30 - 3) 30))

