AQA



| Please write clearly in block capitals. | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Centre number | Candidate number | | | | | |
| Surname | | | | | | |
| Forename(s) | | | | | | |
| Candidate signature | | | | | | |

GCSE MATHEMATICS

Foundation Tier

Paper 1 Non-Calculator

Tuesday 21 May 2019

Morning

Time allowed: 1 hour 30 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

mathematical instruments

You must not use a calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all guestions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

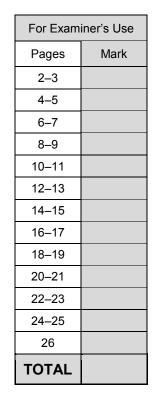
- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 80.
- You may ask for more answer paper, graph paper and tracing paper. These must be tagged securely to this answer book.

Advice

In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.









Please note that these worked solutions have neither been provided nor approved by AQA and may not necessarily constitute the only possible solutions. Please refer to the original mark schemes for full guidance.

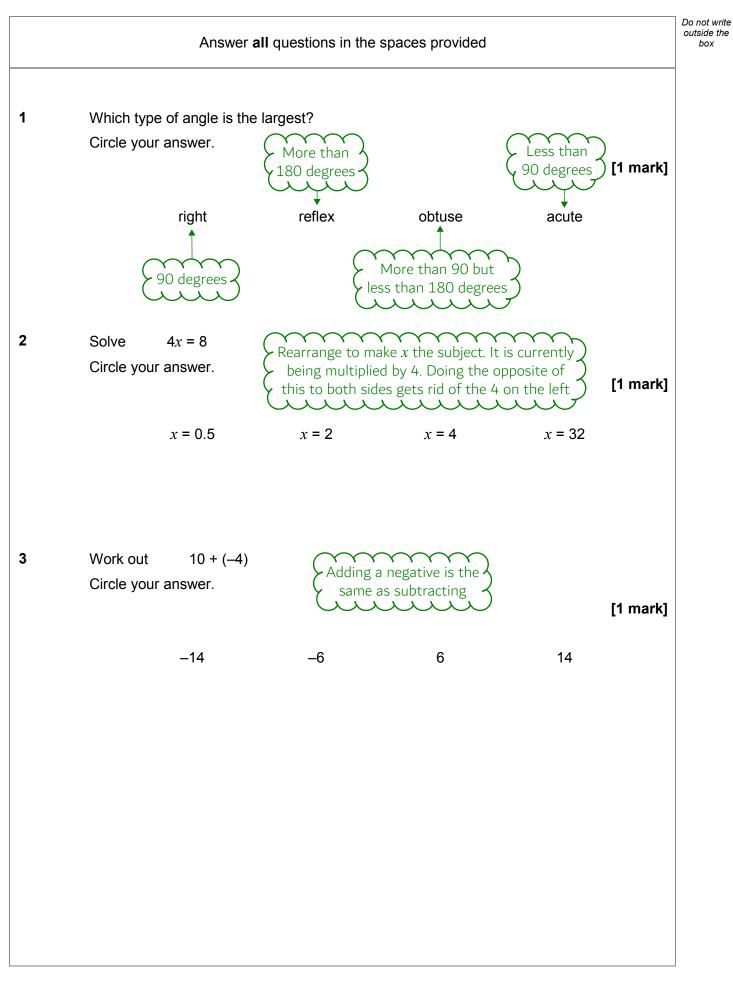
Any writing in blue indicates what must be written in order to answer the questions and get the marks. The worked solutions have been designed to show the smallest amount of work which needs to be done to answer the question.

Anything written in green in a cloud doesn't have to be written in the exam.

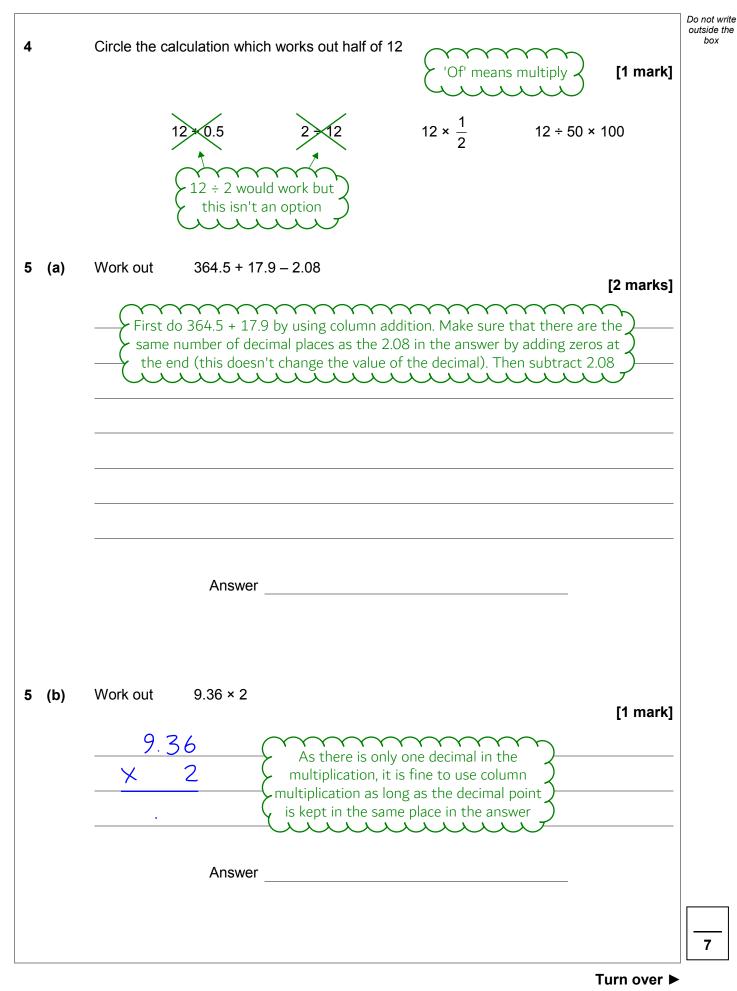
Anything written in orange in a rectangle doesn't have to be written in the exam and is there to show what should be put into a calculator or measured using a ruler or protractor.

If you find any mistakes or have any requests or suggestions, please send an email to curtis@cgmaths.co.uk



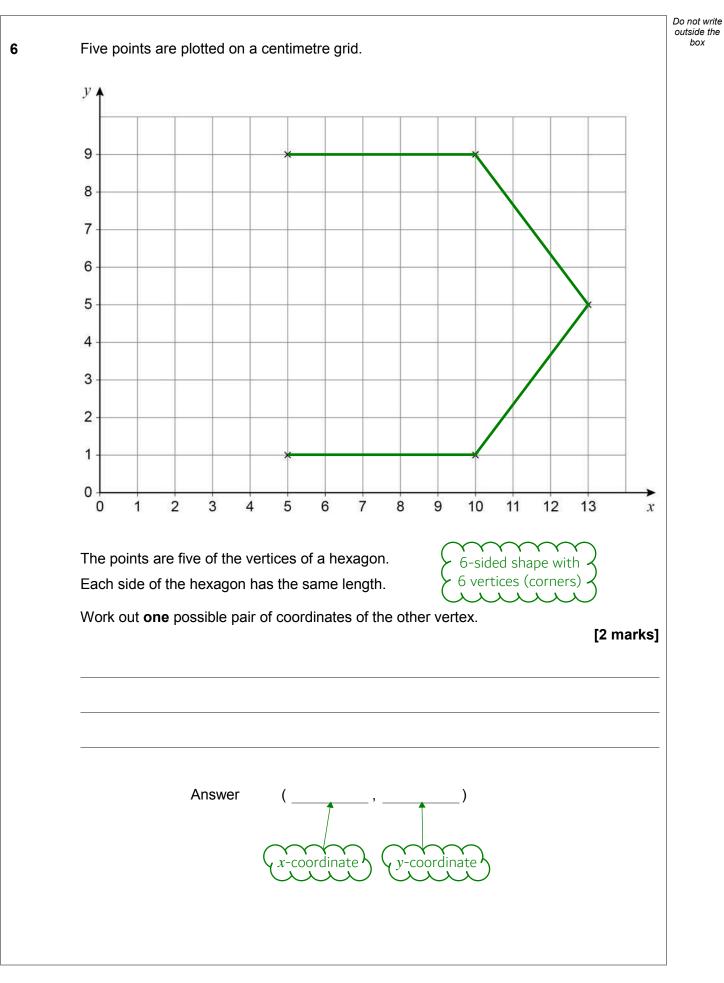










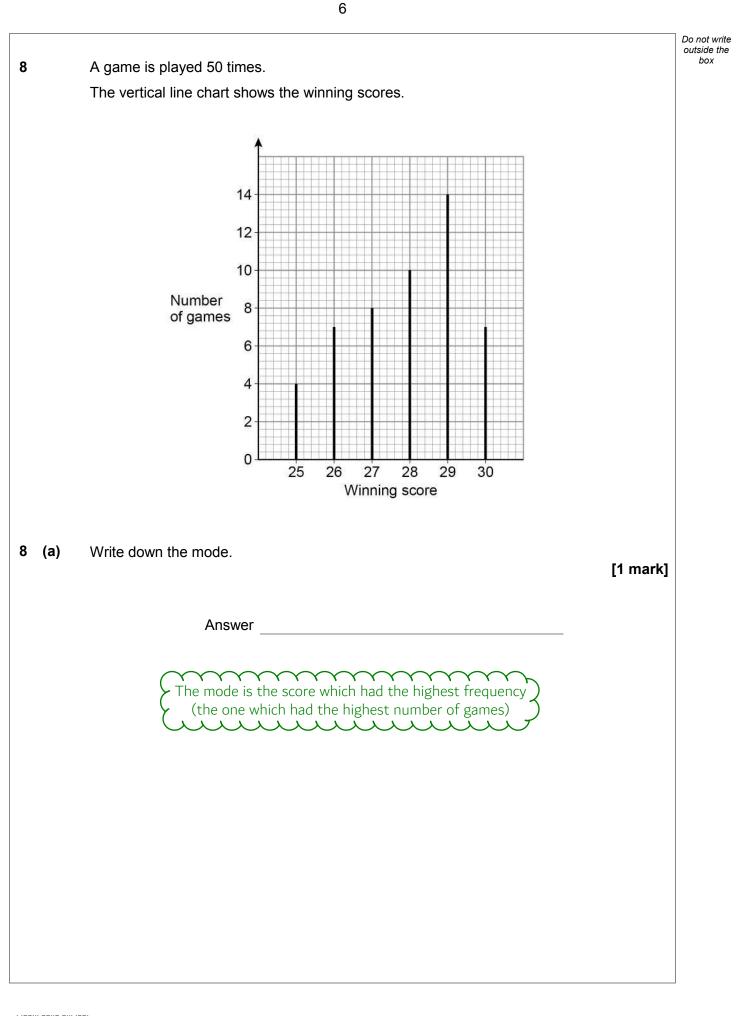


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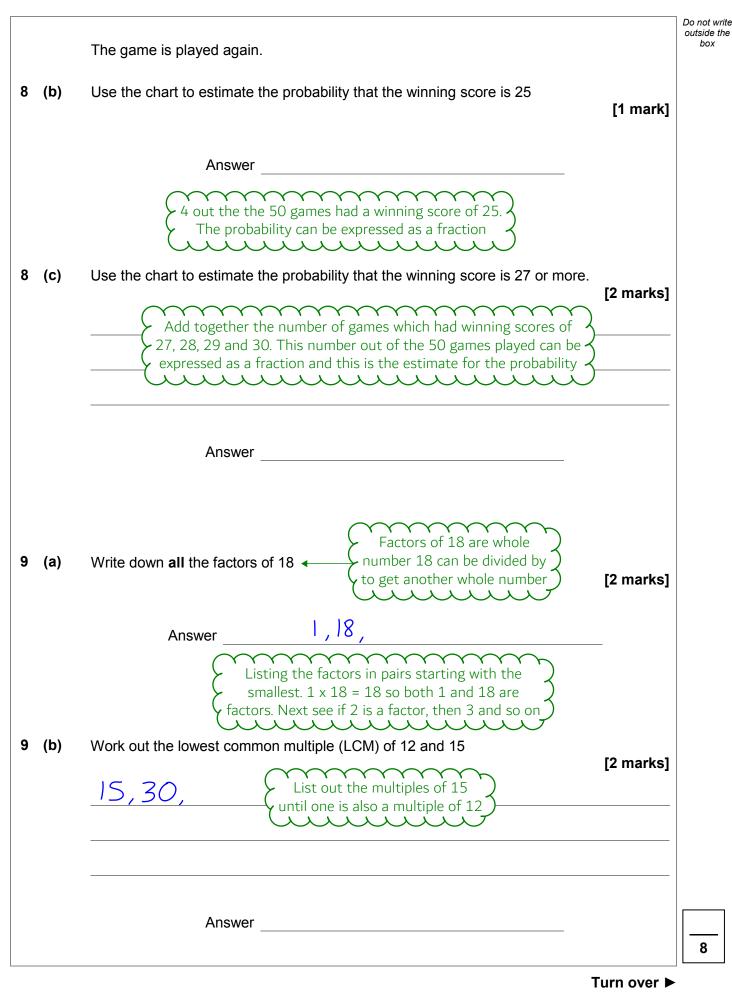
| | | Do not write outside the box |
|---|---|------------------------------------|
| 7 | Amy and Brad each have some money. | |
| | Carly has no money. | |
| | Amy gives £7 to Carly. | |
| | Brad gives £5 to Carly. | |
| | Now they all have the same amount of money. | |
| | How much money did Amy have to begin with? [2 marks] | |
| | Carly started with £0 so adding what she received from | |
| | Amy and Brad works out how much money she now has. As they now all have the same amount of money, | |
| | \sim Amy also has this amount but started with £7 more | |
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| | Answer £ | |
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| | | Do not write outside the |
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| 10 | Coaches take people to a festival. | box |
| | Each coach can take 50 people. | |
| 10 (a) | From one city there are 820 people. | |
| | How many coaches are needed? | |
| | [3 marks] | |
| | Divide 820 by 50 to work out how many lots of 50 go | |
| | 50820 km into it. This tells us how many coaches are needed. | |
| | However a whole number of coaches are needed so the answer will need to be either rounded up or down | |
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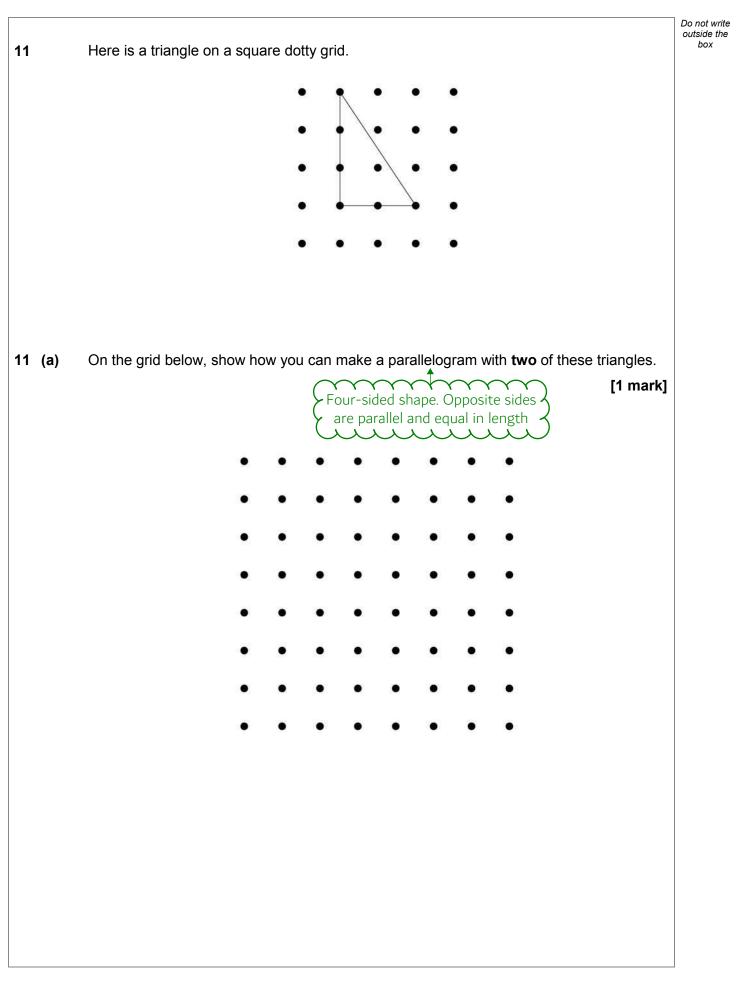


| | | Do not write outside the |
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| 10 (b) | From a different city 13 coaches are needed. | box |
| | Each coach costs £450 to hire. | |
| | Work out the total cost of hiring 13 coaches. | |
| | [3 marks] | |
| | 450 | |
| | × 13 | |
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| | Answer £ | |
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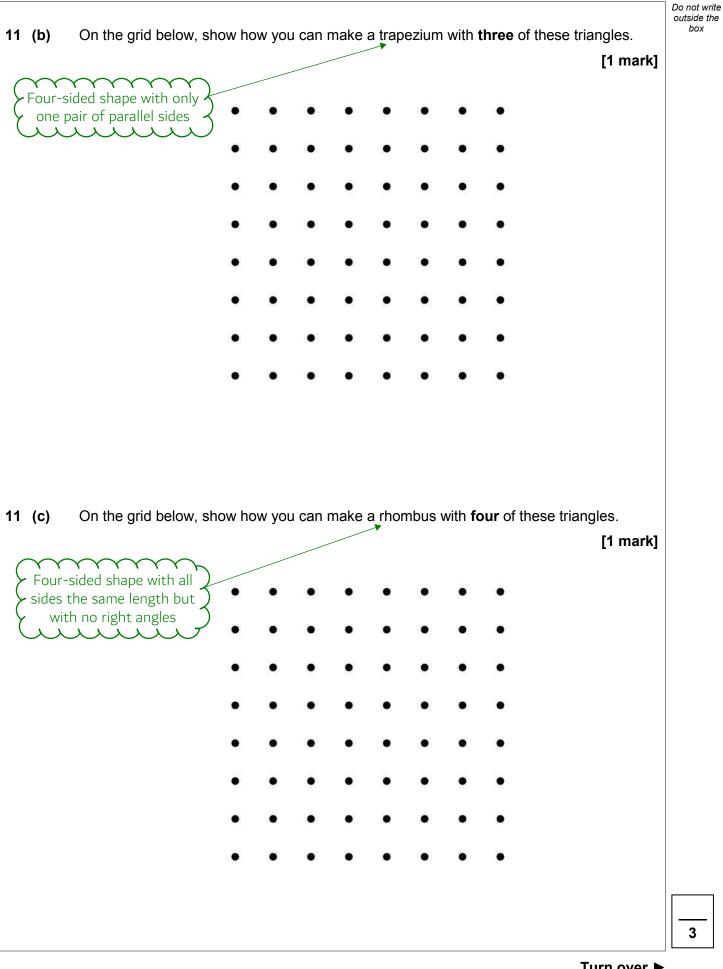




9









Turn over ►

| 12 | Work out | 65% of 3 | 300 | | | [3 marks] |
|----|-------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------------|----|-----------|
| | | Div | vide by 100 to find 1 | % then multiply by | 65 | |
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| | | Answer | | | | |
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| 13 | In a dame t | the average so | core was 50 | | | |
| 15 | | e was $\frac{5}{2}$ of the | | | | |
| | Circle Tom | - | | | | |
| | | | | | | [1 mark] |
| | | 125 | 175 | 30 | 20 | |
| | | \frown | \sim | \sim | | |
| | | > the | find a fraction of an amount by the deno tion then multiply by | ominator of the \prec | | |
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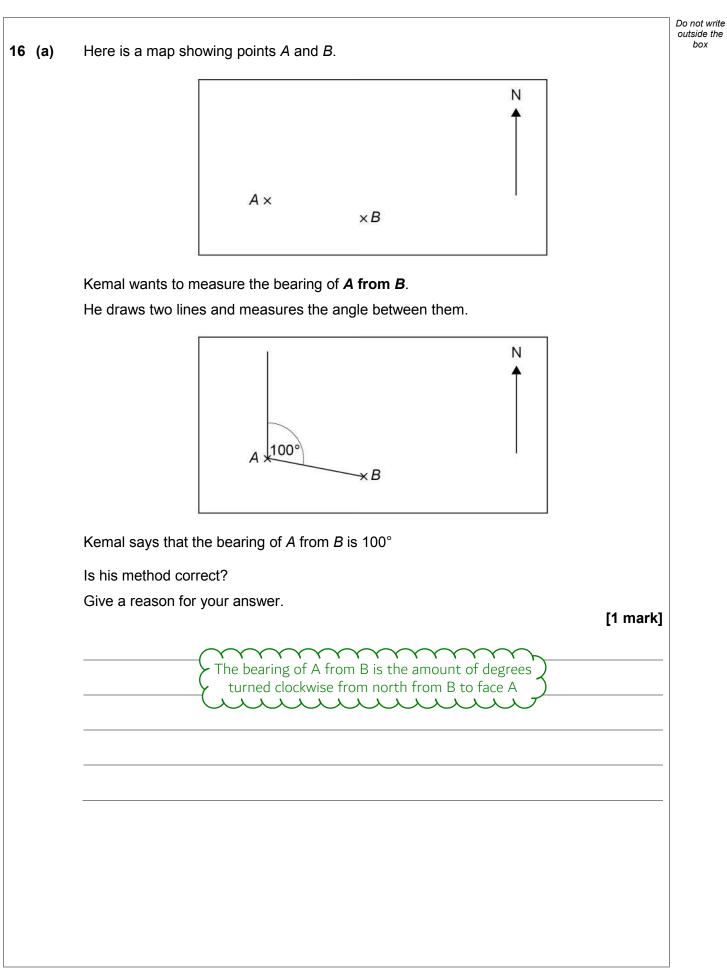


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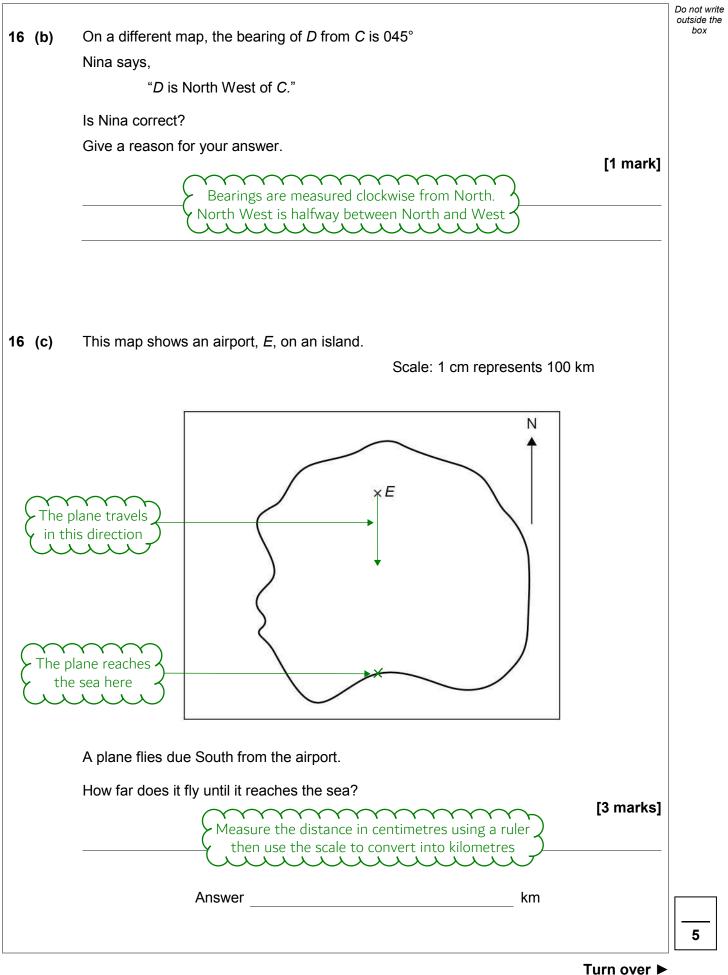
| 14 | Here is a cuboid. | Do not write outside the box |
|----|--|------------------------------------|
| | 10 cm 7 cm | |
| | Work out the volume. [2 marks] | |
| | Volume of cuboid = length x width x height | |
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| | Answer cm ³ | |
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| 15 | Circle the shape that has a uniform cross section. | |
| | [1 mark] | |
| | cone sphere cylinder pyramid | |
| | For example, a triangular prism has a uniform cross section as it has the same triangle all the way through the shape | |
| | | 7 |
| | Turn over ► | |



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| Simplify fully 56 · 24 | | Do not writ outside the box |
|---|-----------|---|
| | [2 marks] | |
| To simplify a ratio fully, divide both sides by the same amount until they can't be divided by the same amount any further | | |
| Answer : | | |
| Write the ratio $5:4$ in the form $n:1$ | [1 mark] | |
| 4 has been divided by 4 to get 1 so the 5 needs to be divided by 4 as well. There is no need to convert it into a decimal | | |
| Answer : | | |
| Share £180 in the ratio 1:9 | [2 marks] | |
| Add up the number of parts in the ratio to work out how many parts there are in total. Divide the £180 by the total number of parts to find 1 part (this is one of the answers). Then multiply by 9 to work out what the 9 parts are worth | | |
| Answer £ and £ | | |
| | | [2 marks] To simplify a ratio fully, divide both sides by the same amount until they can't be divided by the same amount any further Answer |





18 Here is some data about the people listening to a radio station one day.

| | Percentage | Mean number of hours listening | Range of number of hours listening |
|------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Aged 40 or under | 21 | 1.2 | 4.5 |
| Aged 41 or over | 79 | 6.3 | 13.9 |

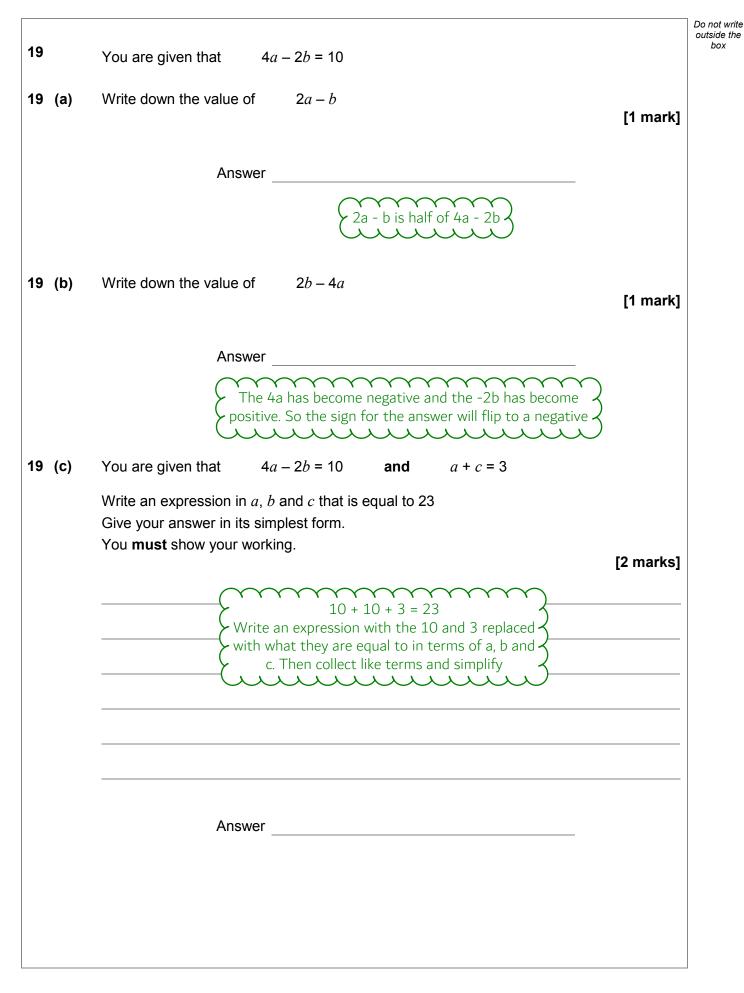
Compare the data for people aged 40 or under with the data for people aged 41 or over. Make **three** comparisons.

[3 marks] Comparison 1 Make a comparison about the percentage Comparison 2 Make a comparison about the mean Comparison 3 Make a comparison about the range The comparisons could be as simple as just stating which age group had the highest Δ. × Turn over for the next question

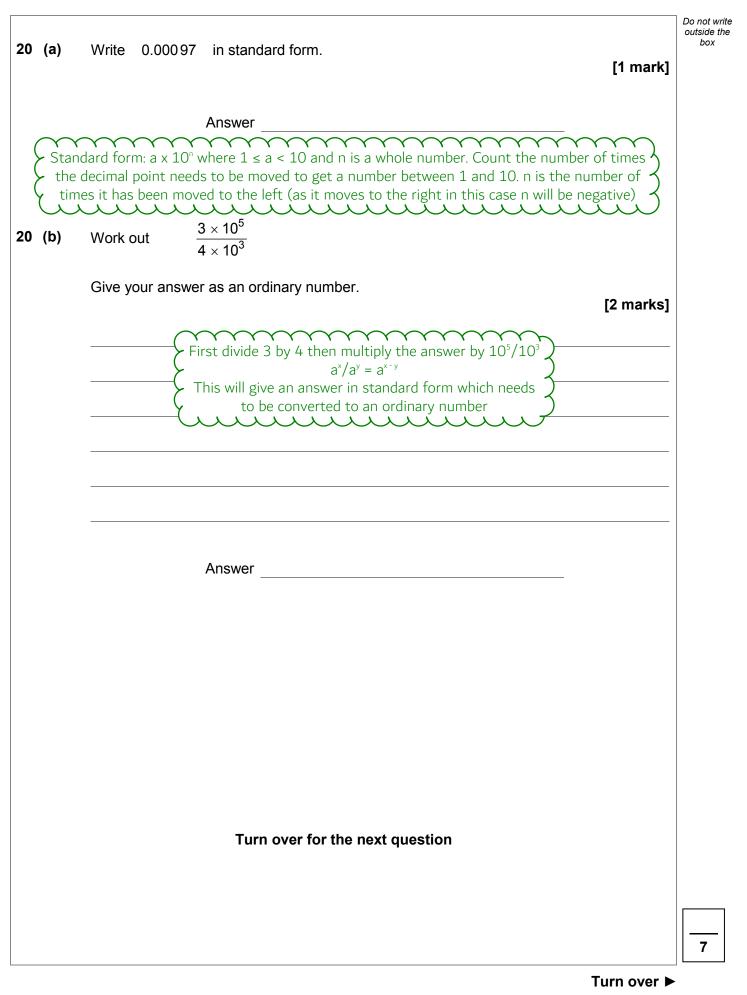




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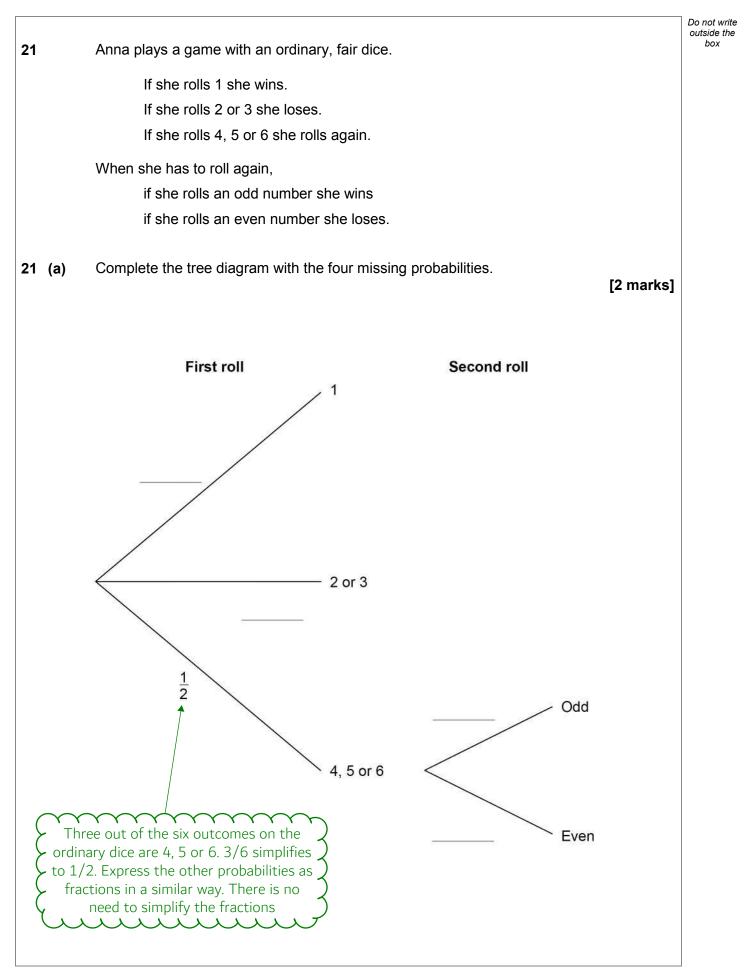












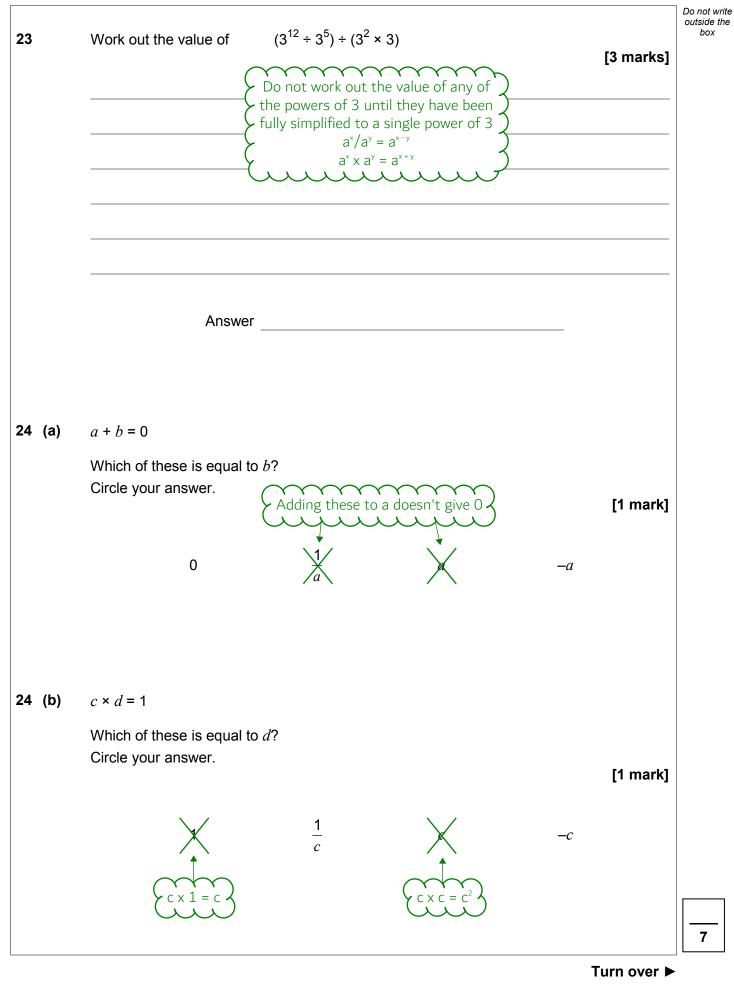


| 21 (b) | Is Anna more likely to win or to lose? | Do not write outside the box |
|--------|---|------------------------------------|
| | You must work out the probability that she wins. [4 marks] | |
| | AND means to multiply, OR means to add. To win, roll a 1 OR roll 4, 5, 6 AND odd. Substitute in the probabilities from the tree diagram then work with the fractions to get the probability of winning. If it is more than half, she is more likely to win | |
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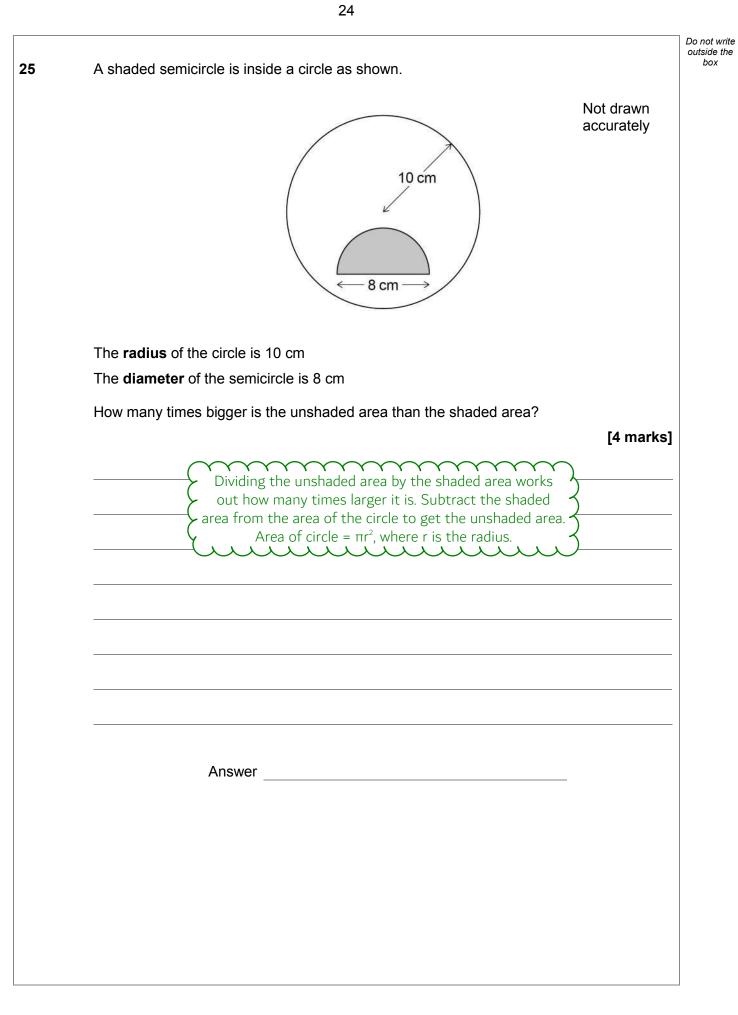


Do not write outside the box 22 Three friends arrive at a party. Their arrival increases the number of people at the party by 20% In total, how many people are now at the party? [2 marks] Y $\boldsymbol{\wedge}$ \checkmark \sim Y Y Y 20% of the people is 3. As it has increased by 20%, the number of people is now at 120%. Multiply 20% to get 120% mmmmm Answer _____



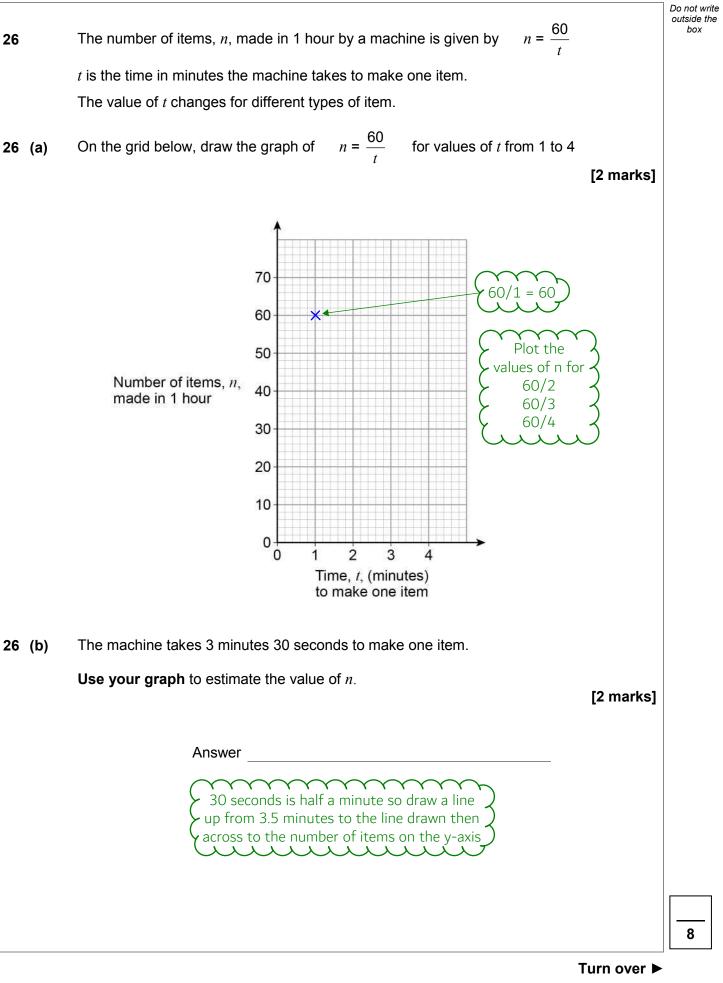














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| 27 | Rearrange | x = 2y - 6 | to make y the subject. | | Do not write outside the box |
|----|----------------|----------------|--|-----------|------------------------------------|
| | - | | | [2 marks] | |
| | | y is on the r | ight side so wants to stay there but | | |
| | | 🖌 to decide wh | at to get rid of first. Do the opposite both sides to get rid of the 2 and -6 | | |
| | | -000 | | | |
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| | | Answer | | | |
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| 28 | Multiply out a | nd simplify | (x+5)(x-1) | | |
| | | | | [2 marks] | |
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